

ORACLE CORPORATION

Q3 FISCAL 2009 FINANCIAL RESULTS CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (\$ in millions, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended				% Increase (Decrease) in US \$	% Increase (Decrease) in Constant Currency (1)
	February 28, 2009	% of Revenues	February 29, 2008	% of Revenues		
REVENUES						
New software licenses	\$ 1,516	28%	\$ 1,616	30%	(6%)	3%
Software license updates and product support	2,917	53%	2,624	49%	11%	20%
Software Revenues	4,433	81%	4,240	79%	5%	14%
Services	1,020	19%	1,109	21%	(8%)	2%
Total Revenues	5,453	100%	5,349	100%	2%	11%
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Sales and marketing	1,054	19%	1,083	20%	(3%)	6%
Software license updates and product support	256	5%	254	5%	1%	9%
Cost of services	855	16%	989	19%	(14%)	(5%)
Research and development	677	12%	682	13%	(1%)	3%
General and administrative	192	4%	206	4%	(7%)	(1%)
Amortization of intangible assets	437	8%	292	5%	49%	50%
Acquisition related and other (2)	27	0%	(40)	(1%)	166%	169%
Restructuring	15	0%	8	0%	83%	110%
Total Operating Expenses	3,513	64%	3,474	65%	1%	8%
OPERATING INCOME	1,940	36%	1,875	35%	4%	17%
Interest expense	(154)	(3%)	(82)	(2%)	87%	87%
Non-operating income, net	24	0%	84	2%	(72%)	(54%)
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	1,810	33%	1,877	35%	(4%)	11%
Provision for income taxes	481	9%	537	10%	(10%)	3%
NET INCOME	\$ 1,329	24%	\$ 1,340	25%	(1%)	14%
EARNINGS PER SHARE:						
Basic	\$ 0.27		\$ 0.26			
Diluted	\$ 0.26		\$ 0.26			
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING:						
Basic	5,005		5,148			
Diluted	5,056		5,235			

(1) We compare the percent change in the results from one period to another period using constant currency disclosure. We present constant currency information to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present this information, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the exchange rate in effect on May 31, 2008, which was the last day of our prior fiscal year, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during the respective periods. The United States dollar strengthened relative to most major international currencies in the three months ended February 28, 2009 compared with the corresponding prior year period, reducing revenue by 9 percentage points, operating expenses by 7 percentage points and operating income by 13 percentage points.

(2) Acquisition related and other expenses for the three months ended February 29, 2008 include a gain on property sale of \$57 million. Please see Appendix A for further discussion.

ORACLE CORPORATION

Q3 FISCAL 2009 FINANCIAL RESULTS RECONCILIATION OF SELECTED GAAP MEASURES TO NON-GAAP MEASURES (1) (\$ in millions, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended						% Increase (Decrease) in US \$		% Increase (Decrease) in Constant Currency (2)	
	February 28, 2009			February 29, 2008						
	GAAP	Adj.	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Adj.	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP
TOTAL REVENUES (3)	\$ 5,453	\$ 51	\$ 5,504	\$ 5,349	\$ 22	\$ 5,371	2%	2%	11%	12%
TOTAL SOFTWARE REVENUES (3)	\$ 4,433	\$ 51	\$ 4,484	\$ 4,240	\$ 22	\$ 4,262	5%	5%	14%	14%
New software licenses	1,516	-	1,516	1,616	-	1,616	(6%)	(6%)	3%	3%
Software license updates and product support (3)	2,917	51	2,968	2,624	22	2,646	11%	12%	20%	21%
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 3,513	\$ (564)	\$ 2,949	\$ 3,474	\$ (322)	\$ 3,152	1%	(6%)	8%	1%
Stock-based compensation (4)	85	(85)	-	62	(62)	-	37%	*	37%	*
Amortization of intangible assets (5)	437	(437)	-	292	(292)	-	49%	*	50%	*
Acquisition related and other	27	(27)	-	(40)	40	-	166%	*	169%	*
Restructuring	15	(15)	-	8	(8)	-	83%	*	110%	*
OPERATING INCOME	\$ 1,940	\$ 615	\$ 2,555	\$ 1,875	\$ 344	\$ 2,219	4%	15%	17%	26%
OPERATING MARGIN %	36%		46%	35%		41%	54 bp	510 bp	178 bp	545 bp
INCOME TAX EFFECTS (6)	\$ 481	\$ 164	\$ 645	\$ 537	\$ 98	\$ 635	(10%)	2%	3%	13%
NET INCOME	\$ 1,329	\$ 451	\$ 1,780	\$ 1,340	\$ 246	\$ 1,586	(1%)	12%	14%	24%
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$ 0.26		\$ 0.35	\$ 0.26		\$ 0.30	3%	16%	18%	29%
DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	5,056	-	5,056	5,235	-	5,235	(3%)	(3%)	(3%)	(3%)

(1) This presentation includes non-GAAP measures. Our non-GAAP measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures, and should be read only in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. For a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to comparable GAAP measures, the reasons why management uses these measures, the usefulness of these measures and the material limitations on the usefulness of these measures, please see Appendix A.

(2) We compare the percent change in the results from one period to another period using constant currency disclosure. We present constant currency information to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present this information, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the exchange rate in effect on May 31, 2008, which was the last day of our prior fiscal year, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during the respective periods.

(3) As of February 28, 2009, approximately \$20 million and \$21 million in estimated revenues related to assumed support contracts will not be recognized during the remainder of fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010, respectively, due to business combination accounting rules.

(4) Stock-based compensation is included in the following GAAP operating expense categories:

	Three Months Ended February 28, 2009			Three Months Ended February 29, 2008		
	GAAP	Adj.	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Adj.	Non-GAAP
Sales and marketing	\$ 16	\$ (16)	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ (12)	\$ -
Software license updates and product support	3	(3)	-	1	(1)	-
Cost of services	3	(3)	-	2	(2)	-
Research and development	39	(39)	-	31	(31)	-
General and administrative	24	(24)	-	16	(16)	-
Subtotal	85	(85)	-	62	(62)	-
Acquisition related and other	3	(3)	-	3	(3)	-
Total stock-based compensation	\$ 88	\$ (88)	\$ -	\$ 65	\$ (65)	\$ -

(5) Estimated future annual amortization expense related to intangible assets as of February 28, 2009 is as follows:

Remainder of Fiscal 2009	\$ 453
Fiscal 2010	1,653
Fiscal 2011	1,364
Fiscal 2012	1,216
Fiscal 2013	1,084
Fiscal 2014	881
Thereafter	1,053
Total	<u>\$ 7,704</u>

(6) Income tax effects were calculated reflecting an effective GAAP and non-GAAP tax rate of 26.6% in the third quarter of fiscal 2009 and 28.6% in the third quarter of fiscal 2008.

* Not meaningful

ORACLE CORPORATION

Q3 FISCAL 2009 YEAR TO DATE FINANCIAL RESULTS CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (\$ in millions, except per share data)

	Nine Months Ended				% Increase (Decrease) in US \$	% Increase (Decrease) in Constant Currency (1)
	February 28, 2009	% of Revenues	February 29, 2008	% of Revenues		
REVENUES						
New software licenses	\$ 4,379	27%	\$ 4,371	29%	0%	6%
Software license updates and product support	8,702	53%	7,497	49%	16%	20%
Software Revenues	13,081	80%	11,868	78%	10%	15%
Services	3,310	20%	3,323	22%	0%	5%
Total Revenues	16,391	100%	15,191	100%	8%	12%
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Sales and marketing	3,312	20%	3,153	21%	5%	9%
Software license updates and product support	795	5%	729	5%	9%	13%
Cost of services	2,820	17%	2,911	19%	(3%)	1%
Research and development	2,037	12%	2,007	13%	1%	4%
General and administrative	571	4%	608	4%	(6%)	(3%)
Amortization of intangible assets	1,276	8%	867	6%	47%	47%
Acquisition related and other (2)	98	1%	28	0%	252%	250%
Restructuring	46	0%	14	0%	227%	272%
Total Operating Expenses	10,955	67%	10,317	68%	6%	10%
OPERATING INCOME	5,436	33%	4,874	32%	12%	18%
Interest expense	(471)	(3%)	(265)	(2%)	78%	78%
Non-operating income, net	114	1%	284	2%	(60%)	(48%)
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	5,079	31%	4,893	32%	4%	11%
Provision for income taxes	1,377	8%	1,409	9%	(2%)	5%
NET INCOME	\$ 3,702	23%	\$ 3,484	23%	6%	14%
EARNINGS PER SHARE:						
Basic	\$ 0.73		\$ 0.68			
Diluted	\$ 0.72		\$ 0.67			
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING:						
Basic	5,095		5,128			
Diluted	5,159		5,228			

(1) We compare the percent change in the results from one period to another period using constant currency disclosure. We present constant currency information to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present this information, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the exchange rate in effect on May 31, 2008, which was the last day of our prior fiscal year, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during the respective periods. The United States dollar strengthened relative to most major international currencies in the nine months ended February 28, 2009 compared with the corresponding prior year period, reducing revenue by 4 percentage points, operating expenses by 4 percentage points and operating income by 6 percentage points.

(2) Acquisition related and other expenses for the nine months ended February 29, 2008 include a gain on property sale of \$57 million. Please see Appendix A for further discussion.

ORACLE CORPORATION

Q3 FISCAL 2009 YEAR TO DATE FINANCIAL RESULTS RECONCILIATION OF SELECTED GAAP MEASURES TO NON-GAAP MEASURES (1) (\$ in millions, except per share data)

	Nine Months Ended						% Increase (Decrease) in US \$		% Increase (Decrease) in Constant Currency (2)	
	February 28, 2009			February 29, 2008						
	GAAP	Adj.	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Adj.	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP
TOTAL REVENUES (3)	\$ 16,391	\$ 222	\$ 16,613	\$ 15,191	\$ 138	\$ 15,329	8%	8%	12%	13%
TOTAL SOFTWARE REVENUES (3)	\$ 13,081	\$ 222	\$ 13,303	\$ 11,868	\$ 138	\$ 12,006	10%	11%	15%	15%
New software licenses	4,379	-	4,379	4,371	-	4,371	0%	0%	6%	6%
Software license updates and product support (3)	8,702	222	8,924	7,497	138	7,635	16%	17%	20%	20%
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 10,955	\$ (1,680)	\$ 9,275	\$ 10,317	\$ (1,103)	\$ 9,214	6%	1%	10%	4%
Stock-based compensation (4)	260	(260)	-	194	(194)	-	34%	*	34%	*
Amortization of intangible assets (5)	1,276	(1,276)	-	867	(867)	-	47%	*	47%	*
Acquisition related and other	98	(98)	-	28	(28)	-	252%	*	250%	*
Restructuring	46	(46)	-	14	(14)	-	227%	*	272%	*
OPERATING INCOME	\$ 5,436	\$ 1,902	\$ 7,338	\$ 4,874	\$ 1,241	\$ 6,115	12%	20%	18%	25%
OPERATING MARGIN %	33%		44%	32%		40%	108 bp	428 bp	169 bp	443 bp
INCOME TAX EFFECTS (6)	\$ 1,377	\$ 535	\$ 1,912	\$ 1,409	\$ 357	\$ 1,766	(2%)	8%	5%	14%
NET INCOME	\$ 3,702	\$ 1,367	\$ 5,069	\$ 3,484	\$ 884	\$ 4,368	6%	16%	14%	22%
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$ 0.72		\$ 0.98	\$ 0.67		\$ 0.84	8%	18%	15%	24%
DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	5,159	-	5,159	5,228	1	5,229	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)	(1%)

(1) This presentation includes non-GAAP measures. Our non-GAAP measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures, and should be read only in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. For a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to comparable GAAP measures, the reasons why management uses these measures, the usefulness of these measures and the material limitations on the usefulness of these measures, please see Appendix A.

(2) We compare the percent change in the results from one period to another period using constant currency disclosure. We present constant currency information to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present this information, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the exchange rate in effect on May 31, 2008, which was the last day of our prior fiscal year, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during the respective periods.

(3) As of February 28, 2009, approximately \$20 million and \$21 million in estimated revenues related to assumed support contracts will not be recognized during the remainder of fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010, respectively, due to business combination accounting rules.

(4) Stock-based compensation is included in the following GAAP operating expense categories:

	Nine Months Ended February 28, 2009			Nine Months Ended February 29, 2008		
	GAAP	Adj.	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Adj.	Non-GAAP
Sales and marketing	\$ 51	\$ (51)	\$ -	\$ 38	\$ (38)	\$ -
Software license updates and product support	10	(10)	-	8	(8)	-
Cost of services	9	(9)	-	9	(9)	-
Research and development	121	(121)	-	84	(84)	-
General and administrative	69	(69)	-	55	(55)	-
Subtotal	260	(260)	-	194	(194)	-
Acquisition related and other	14	(14)	-	39	(39)	-
Total stock-based compensation	\$ 274	\$ (274)	\$ -	\$ 233	\$ (233)	\$ -

(5) Estimated future annual amortization expense related to intangible assets as of February 28, 2009 is as follows:

Remainder of Fiscal 2009	\$ 453
Fiscal 2010	1,653
Fiscal 2011	1,364
Fiscal 2012	1,216
Fiscal 2013	1,084
Fiscal 2014	881
Thereafter	1,053
Total	<u>\$ 7,704</u>

(6) Income tax effects were calculated reflecting an effective GAAP tax rate of 27.1% and 28.8% in the first nine months of fiscal 2009 and 2008, respectively, and an effective non-GAAP tax rate of 27.4% and 28.8% in the first nine months of fiscal 2009 and 2008, respectively. Our non-GAAP tax rate in the first nine months of fiscal 2009 excludes the effect of an adjustment to our non-current deferred tax liability associated with acquired intangible assets.

* Not meaningful

ORACLE CORPORATION

Q3 FISCAL 2009 FINANCIAL RESULTS CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (\$ in millions)

	February 28, 2009	May 31, 2008
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,211	\$ 8,262
Marketable securities	3,083	2,781
Trade receivables, net	3,025	5,127
Deferred tax assets	635	853
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	657	1,080
Total Current Assets	15,611	18,103
Non-Current Assets:		
Property, net	1,914	1,688
Intangible assets, net	7,704	8,395
Goodwill	18,642	17,991
Other assets	1,078	1,091
Total Non-Current Assets	29,338	29,165
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 44,949	\$ 47,268
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Notes payable, current and other current borrowings	\$ 1,002	\$ 1,001
Accounts payable	272	383
Accrued compensation and related benefits	1,073	1,770
Deferred revenues	3,952	4,492
Other current liabilities	1,673	2,383
Total Current Liabilities	7,972	10,029
Non-Current Liabilities:		
Notes payable and other non-current borrowings	10,236	10,235
Income taxes payable	1,802	1,566
Deferred tax liabilities	942	1,218
Other non-current liabilities	920	1,195
Total Non-Current Liabilities	13,900	14,214
Stockholders' Equity	23,077	23,025
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 44,949	\$ 47,268

ORACLE CORPORATION

Q3 FISCAL 2009 YEAR TO DATE FINANCIAL RESULTS CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (\$ in millions)

	Nine Months Ended	
	February 28, 2009	February 29, 2008
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 3,702	\$ 3,484
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	198	202
Amortization of intangible assets	1,276	867
Deferred income taxes	(302)	(130)
Minority interests in income	58	45
Stock-based compensation	274	233
Tax benefits on the exercise of stock options	141	492
Excess tax benefits on the exercise of stock options	(92)	(403)
In-process research and development	10	7
Other gains, net	-	(64)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions:		
Decrease in trade receivables, net	1,848	980
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	336	61
Decrease in accounts payable and other liabilities	(1,097)	(482)
Decrease in income taxes payable	(51)	(273)
(Decrease) increase in deferred revenues	(54)	88
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,247	5,107
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Purchases of marketable securities and other investments	(6,906)	(3,629)
Proceeds from maturities and sales of marketable securities and other investments	6,397	2,532
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(1,165)	(700)
Capital expenditures	(491)	(195)
Proceeds from sale of property	-	153
Net cash used for investing activities	(2,165)	(1,839)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Payments for repurchases of common stock	(3,704)	(1,520)
Proceeds from issuances of common stock	448	1,047
Repayments of borrowings	(4)	(1,362)
Excess tax benefits on the exercise of stock options	92	403
Distributions to minority interests	(53)	(49)
Net cash used for financing activities	(3,221)	(1,481)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(912)	404
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(51)	2,191
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	8,262	6,218
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 8,211	\$ 8,409

ORACLE CORPORATION
Q3 FISCAL 2009 FINANCIAL RESULTS
FREE CASH FLOW - TRAILING 4-QUARTERS (1)
(\$ in millions)

	Fiscal 2008				Fiscal 2009			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
GAAP Operating Cash Flow	\$ 6,598	\$ 6,957	\$ 7,322	\$ 7,402	\$ 7,941	\$ 8,089	\$ 8,542	
Capital Expenditures (2)	(357)	(369)	(331)	(243)	(479)	(486)	(539)	
Free Cash Flow	\$ 6,241	\$ 6,588	\$ 6,991	\$ 7,159	\$ 7,462	\$ 7,603	\$ 8,003	
% Growth over prior year	40%	50%	48%	38%	20%	15%	14%	
GAAP Net Income	\$ 4,444	\$ 4,781	\$ 5,088	\$ 5,521	\$ 5,758	\$ 5,750	\$ 5,739	
Free Cash Flow as a % of Net Income	140%	138%	137%	130%	130%	132%	139%	

(1) To supplement our statements of cash flows presented on a GAAP basis, we use non-GAAP measures of cash flows on a trailing 4-quarter basis to analyze cash flow generated from operations. We believe free cash flow is also useful as one of the bases for comparing our performance with our competitors. The presentation of non-GAAP free cash flow is not meant to be considered in isolation or as an alternative to net income as an indicator of our performance, or as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity.

(2) Represents capital expenditures as reported in cash flows from investing activities on our cash flow statements presented in accordance with GAAP.

ORACLE CORPORATION
Q3 FISCAL 2009 FINANCIAL RESULTS
SUPPLEMENTAL ANALYSIS OF GAAP REVENUES AND HEADCOUNT (1)
(\$ in millions)

	Fiscal 2008					Fiscal 2009				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL
REVENUES										
New software licenses	\$ 1,087	\$ 1,668	\$ 1,616	\$ 3,144	\$ 7,515	\$ 1,237	\$ 1,626	\$ 1,516		\$ 4,379
Software license updates and product support	2,383	2,491	2,624	2,830	10,328	2,935	2,850	2,917		8,702
Software Revenues	3,470	4,159	4,240	5,974	17,843	4,172	4,476	4,433		13,081
Consulting	801	877	843	957	3,477	865	842	758		2,465
On Demand	158	167	174	194	694	195	189	191		575
Education	100	110	92	114	416	99	100	71		270
Services Revenues	1,059	1,154	1,109	1,265	4,587	1,159	1,131	1,020		3,310
Total Revenues	\$ 4,529	\$ 5,313	\$ 5,349	\$ 7,239	\$ 22,430	\$ 5,331	\$ 5,607	\$ 5,453		\$ 16,391
AS REPORTED REVENUE GROWTH RATES										
New software licenses	35%	38%	16%	27%	28%	14%	(3%)	(6%)		0%
Software license updates and product support	23%	24%	25%	25%	24%	23%	14%	11%		16%
Software Revenues	26%	29%	21%	26%	26%	20%	8%	5%		10%
Consulting	25%	23%	21%	17%	21%	8%	(4%)	(10%)		(2%)
On Demand	27%	20%	23%	29%	25%	23%	13%	10%		15%
Education	24%	17%	16%	9%	16%	(2%)	(9%)	(23%)		(11%)
Services Revenues	25%	22%	21%	18%	21%	9%	(2%)	(8%)		0%
Total Revenues	26%	28%	21%	24%	25%	18%	6%	2%		8%
CONSTANT CURRENCY GROWTH RATES (2)										
New software licenses	32%	31%	9%	20%	21%	10%	5%	3%		6%
Software license updates and product support	19%	18%	18%	18%	18%	18%	20%	20%		20%
Software Revenues	23%	23%	15%	19%	19%	16%	14%	14%		15%
Consulting	20%	15%	14%	11%	15%	5%	4%	0%		3%
On Demand	23%	15%	17%	23%	19%	19%	19%	19%		19%
Education	20%	10%	9%	2%	10%	(6%)	(3%)	(16%)		(8%)
Services Revenues	21%	15%	14%	12%	15%	6%	5%	2%		5%
Total Revenues	22%	21%	15%	18%	19%	14%	12%	11%		12%
GEOGRAPHIC REVENUES										
REVENUES										
Americas	\$ 2,375	\$ 2,674	\$ 2,707	\$ 3,574	\$ 11,330	\$ 2,687	\$ 2,904	\$ 2,846		\$ 8,437
Europe, Middle East & Africa	1,530	1,865	1,871	2,679	7,945	1,830	1,881	1,824		5,535
Asia Pacific	624	774	771	986	3,155	814	822	783		2,419
Total Revenues	\$ 4,529	\$ 5,313	\$ 5,349	\$ 7,239	\$ 22,430	\$ 5,331	\$ 5,607	\$ 5,453		\$ 16,391
HEADCOUNT (3)										
GEOGRAPHIC AREA										
Americas	30,455	30,654	30,624	32,608		32,993	33,526	32,919		
Europe, Middle East & Africa	15,985	16,140	16,383	17,110		17,096	17,184	17,348		
Asia Pacific	31,212	32,855	33,212	34,515		35,099	35,947	36,321		
Total Company	77,652	79,649	80,219	84,233		85,188	86,657	86,588		

(1) The sum of the quarterly financial information may vary from year-to-date financial information due to rounding.

(2) We compare the percent change in the results from one period to another period using constant currency disclosure. We present constant currency information to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present this information, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the exchange rates in effect on May 31, 2008 and 2007 for the fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2008 constant currency growth rate calculations presented, respectively, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during the respective periods.

(3) Headcount has historically increased primarily due to our acquisitions.

ORACLE CORPORATION
Q3 FISCAL 2009 FINANCIAL RESULTS
SUPPLEMENTAL TOTAL SOFTWARE PRODUCT REVENUE ANALYSIS (1)
(\$ in millions)

	Fiscal 2008					Fiscal 2009				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL
<u>APPLICATIONS REVENUES</u>										
New software licenses	\$ 376	\$ 553	\$ 451	\$ 989	\$ 2,369	\$ 331	\$ 469	\$ 396		\$ 1,195
Software license updates and product support	886	929	974	1,044	3,833	1,043	1,015	1,003		3,061
Software Revenues	\$ 1,262	\$ 1,482	\$ 1,425	\$ 2,033	\$ 6,202	\$ 1,374	\$ 1,484	\$ 1,399		\$ 4,256
AS REPORTED GROWTH RATES										
New software licenses	65%	63%	7%	36%	38%	(12%)	(15%)	(12%)		(13%)
Software license updates and product support	26%	28%	27%	25%	26%	18%	9%	3%		10%
Software Revenues	36%	39%	20%	30%	31%	9%	0%	(2%)		2%
CONSTANT CURRENCY GROWTH RATES (2)										
New software licenses	61%	56%	2%	31%	33%	(14%)	(9%)	(4%)		(9%)
Software license updates and product support	22%	21%	20%	19%	20%	13%	15%	11%		13%
Software Revenues	32%	32%	14%	24%	25%	5%	6%	7%		6%
<u>DATABASE & MIDDLEWARE REVENUES</u>										
New software licenses	\$ 711	\$ 1,115	\$ 1,165	\$ 2,155	\$ 5,146	\$ 906	\$ 1,157	\$ 1,120		\$ 3,184
Software license updates and product support	1,497	1,562	1,650	1,786	6,495	1,892	1,835	1,914		5,641
Software Revenues	\$ 2,208	\$ 2,677	\$ 2,815	\$ 3,941	\$ 11,641	\$ 2,798	\$ 2,992	\$ 3,034		\$ 8,825
AS REPORTED GROWTH RATES										
New software licenses	23%	29%	20%	23%	24%	27%	4%	(4%)		6%
Software license updates and product support	21%	22%	23%	24%	23%	26%	17%	16%		20%
Software Revenues	22%	25%	22%	23%	23%	27%	12%	8%		15%
CONSTANT CURRENCY GROWTH RATES (2)										
New software licenses	20%	22%	13%	15%	17%	23%	12%	6%		12%
Software license updates and product support	17%	16%	17%	17%	17%	22%	24%	25%		24%
Software Revenues	18%	18%	15%	16%	17%	22%	19%	17%		19%

(1) The sum of the quarterly financial information may vary from year-to-date financial information due to rounding.

(2) We compare the percent change in the results from one period to another period using constant currency disclosure. We present constant currency information to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency rate fluctuations. To present this information, current and comparative prior period results for entities reporting in currencies other than United States dollars are converted into United States dollars at the exchange rates in effect on May 31, 2008 and 2007 for the fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2008 constant currency growth rate calculations presented, respectively, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during the respective periods.

ORACLE CORPORATION
Q3 FISCAL 2009 FINANCIAL RESULTS
SUPPLEMENTAL GEOGRAPHIC NEW SOFTWARE LICENSE REVENUE ANALYSIS (1)
(\$ in millions)

	Fiscal 2008					Fiscal 2009				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL
AMERICAS										
Database & Middleware	\$ 300	\$ 446	\$ 484	\$ 928	\$ 2,157	\$ 354	\$ 471	\$ 449		\$ 1,274
Applications	199	306	252	552	1,310	182	280	224		685
New Software License Revenues	\$ 499	\$ 752	\$ 736	\$ 1,480	\$ 3,467	\$ 536	\$ 751	\$ 673		\$ 1,959
AS REPORTED GROWTH RATES										
Database & Middleware	27%	33%	24%	15%	22%	18%	5%	(7%)		4%
Applications	58%	57%	1%	33%	33%	(9%)	(9%)	(11%)		(9%)
New Software License Revenues	38%	42%	15%	21%	26%	7%	0%	(9%)		(1%)
CONSTANT CURRENCY GROWTH RATES (2)										
Database & Middleware	26%	31%	21%	13%	20%	17%	10%	(1%)		7%
Applications	57%	54%	(1%)	32%	31%	(10%)	(6%)	(8%)		(7%)
New Software License Revenues	37%	39%	13%	19%	24%	6%	3%	(4%)		2%
EUROPE / MIDDLE EAST / AFRICA										
Database & Middleware	\$ 255	\$ 424	\$ 448	\$ 884	\$ 2,011	\$ 326	\$ 431	\$ 446		\$ 1,203
Applications	123	174	141	317	755	94	126	125		345
New Software License Revenues	\$ 378	\$ 598	\$ 589	\$ 1,201	\$ 2,766	\$ 420	\$ 557	\$ 571		\$ 1,548
AS REPORTED GROWTH RATES										
Database & Middleware	34%	23%	23%	41%	32%	28%	2%	0%		7%
Applications	77%	72%	14%	41%	46%	(23%)	(28%)	(12%)		(21%)
New Software License Revenues	45%	34%	21%	41%	35%	11%	(7%)	(3%)		(1%)
CONSTANT CURRENCY GROWTH RATES (2)										
Database & Middleware	26%	11%	11%	26%	19%	20%	16%	15%		17%
Applications	69%	58%	6%	31%	35%	(26%)	(16%)	2%		(13%)
New Software License Revenues	37%	21%	10%	27%	23%	5%	7%	12%		8%
ASIA PACIFIC										
Database & Middleware	\$ 156	\$ 245	\$ 233	\$ 343	\$ 978	\$ 226	\$ 255	\$ 225		\$ 707
Applications	54	73	58	120	304	55	63	47		165
New Software License Revenues	\$ 210	\$ 318	\$ 291	\$ 463	\$ 1,282	\$ 281	\$ 318	\$ 272		\$ 872
AS REPORTED GROWTH RATES										
Database & Middleware	4%	32%	9%	6%	12%	45%	4%	(3%)		11%
Applications	67%	66%	18%	37%	43%	1%	(13%)	(18%)		(11%)
New Software License Revenues	15%	38%	10%	12%	18%	34%	0%	(6%)		6%
CONSTANT CURRENCY GROWTH RATES (2)										
Database & Middleware	1%	25%	(1%)	(3%)	4%	38%	8%	1%		13%
Applications	60%	57%	5%	27%	33%	(1%)	(2%)	(2%)		(2%)
New Software License Revenues	11%	31%	0%	3%	10%	28%	5%	1%		10%
TOTAL COMPANY										
Database & Middleware	\$ 711	\$ 1,115	\$ 1,165	\$ 2,155	\$ 5,146	\$ 906	\$ 1,157	\$ 1,120		\$ 3,184
Applications	376	553	451	989	2,369	331	469	396		1,195
New Software License Revenues	\$ 1,087	\$ 1,668	\$ 1,616	\$ 3,144	\$ 7,515	\$ 1,237	\$ 1,626	\$ 1,516		\$ 4,379
AS REPORTED GROWTH RATES										
Database & Middleware	23%	29%	20%	23%	24%	27%	4%	(4%)		6%
Applications	65%	63%	7%	36%	38%	(12%)	(15%)	(12%)		(13%)
New Software License Revenues	35%	38%	16%	27%	28%	14%	(3%)	(6%)		0%
CONSTANT CURRENCY GROWTH RATES (2)										
Database & Middleware	20%	22%	13%	15%	17%	23%	12%	6%		12%
Applications	61%	56%	2%	31%	33%	(14%)	(9%)	(4%)		(9%)
New Software License Revenues	32%	31%	9%	20%	21%	10%	5%	3%		6%

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ORACLE CORPORATION
Q3 FISCAL 2009 FINANCIAL RESULTS
EXPLANATION OF NON-GAAP MEASURES

To supplement our financial results presented on a GAAP basis, we use the non-GAAP measures indicated in the tables, which exclude certain business combination accounting entries and expenses related to acquisitions, as well as other significant expenses including stock-based compensation, that we believe are helpful in understanding our past financial performance and our future results. Our non-GAAP financial measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP measures and should be read only in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our management regularly uses our supplemental non-GAAP financial measures internally to understand, manage and evaluate our business and make operating decisions. These non-GAAP measures are among the primary factors management uses in planning for and forecasting future periods. Compensation of our executives is based in part on the performance of our business based on these non-GAAP measures. Our non-GAAP financial measures reflect adjustments based on the following items, as well as the related income tax effects:

- Support deferred revenue: Business combination accounting rules require us to account for the fair value of support contracts assumed in connection with our acquisitions. Because these are typically one-year contracts, our GAAP revenues for the one year period subsequent to our acquisition of a business do not reflect the full amount of software license updates and product support revenues on assumed support contracts that would have otherwise been recorded by the acquired entity. The non-GAAP adjustment is intended to reflect the full amount of such revenues. We believe this adjustment is useful to investors as a measure of the ongoing performance of our business because we have historically experienced high renewal rates on support contracts, although we cannot be certain that customers will renew these contracts.

- Stock-based compensation expenses: We have excluded the effect of stock-based compensation expenses from our non-GAAP operating expenses and net income measures. Although stock-based compensation is a key incentive offered to our employees, and we believe such compensation contributed to the revenues earned during the periods presented and also believe it will contribute to the generation of future period revenues, we continue to evaluate our business performance excluding stock-based compensation expenses. Stock-based compensation expenses will recur in future periods.

- Amortization of intangible assets: We have excluded the effect of amortization of intangible assets from our non-GAAP operating expenses and net income measures. Amortization of intangible assets is inconsistent in amount and frequency and is significantly affected by the timing and size of our acquisitions. Investors should note that the use of intangible assets contributed to revenues earned during the periods presented and will contribute to future period revenues as well. Amortization of intangible assets will recur in future periods.

- Acquisition related and other expenses, and restructuring expenses: We incurred significant expenses in connection with our acquisitions and also incurred certain other operating expenses or income, which we generally would not have otherwise incurred in the periods presented as a part of our continuing operations. Acquisition related and other expenses consist of in-process research and development expenses, personnel related costs for transitional employees, other acquired employee related costs, stock-based compensation expenses (in addition to the stock-based compensation expenses described above), integration related professional services, certain business combination adjustments after the purchase price allocation period has ended, and certain other operating expenses, net. Substantially all of the stock-based compensation expenses included in acquisition related and other expenses resulted from unvested options assumed in acquisitions whose vesting was fully accelerated upon termination of the employees pursuant to the original terms of those options. Restructuring expenses consist of Oracle employee severance and other exit costs. We believe it is useful for investors to understand the effects of these items on our total operating expenses. Although acquisition related expenses and restructuring expenses are not recurring with respect to past acquisitions, we generally will incur these expenses in connection with any future acquisitions.

For the three and nine months ended February 29, 2008, acquisition related and other expenses include a gain on property sale of \$57 million.

Safe Harbor Statement

"Safe Harbor" Statement: Statements in this press release and the accompanying materials relating to the Board of Directors' or Oracle's future plans, intentions and prospects are "forward-looking statements" and are subject to material risks and uncertainties. Many factors could affect our current plans, intentions and expectations and our actual results, and could cause actual results to differ materially. We presently consider the following to be among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations: (1) Economic, political and market conditions, including the recent global economic and financial crisis, could adversely affect our business, operating results or financial condition, including our revenue growth and profitability, through reductions in customer IT budgets and expenditures and through the general tightening of access to credit. (2) We may fail to achieve our financial forecasts due to such factors as delays or size reductions in transactions, fewer large transactions in a particular quarter, unanticipated fluctuations in currency exchange rates, delays in delivery of new products or releases or a decline in our renewal rates for software license updates and product support. (3) We cannot assure market acceptance of new products or services or new versions of existing or acquired products or services. (4) We have an active acquisition program and our acquisitions may not be successful, may involve unanticipated costs or other integration issues or may disrupt our existing operations. (5) Periodic changes to our pricing model and sales organization could temporarily disrupt operations and cause a decline or delay in sales. (6) Intense competitive forces demand rapid technological advances and frequent new product introductions and could require us to reduce prices or cause us to lose customers. A detailed discussion of these factors and other risks that affect our business is contained in our SEC filings, including our most recent reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q, particularly under the heading "Risk Factors." Copies of these filings are available online from the SEC or by contacting Oracle Corporation's Investor Relations Department at (650) 506-4073 or by clicking on SEC Filings on Oracle's Investor Relations website at <http://www.oracle.com/investor>. All information set forth in this release is current as of March 18, 2009. Oracle undertakes no duty to update any statement in light of new information or future events.