
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- ☒ **Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020, or
- ☐ **Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**
For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number 0-16125

FASTENAL COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Minnesota (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	41-0948415 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
2001 Theurer Boulevard, Winona, Minnesota (Address of principal executive offices)	55987-1500 (Zip Code)
(507) 454-5374 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
Not Applicable (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)	

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share	FAST	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files.) Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer ☒	Accelerated Filer ☐
Non-accelerated Filer ☐	Smaller Reporting Company ☐
	Emerging Growth Company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of October 12, 2020, there were approximately 574,053,293 shares of the registrants common stock outstanding.

FASTENAL COMPANY**INDEX**

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 — FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Amounts in millions except share information)

	(Unaudited) September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 331.8	174.9
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$11.8 and \$10.9, respectively	834.5	741.8
Inventories	1,342.6	1,366.4
Prepaid income taxes	14.6	16.7
Other current assets	123.2	157.4
Total current assets	2,646.7	2,457.2
Property and equipment, net	1,023.7	1,023.2
Operating lease right-of-use assets	244.4	243.2
Other assets	193.8	76.3
Total assets	\$ 4,108.6	3,799.9
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of debt	\$ 40.0	3.0
Accounts payable	210.4	192.8
Accrued expenses	258.2	251.5
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	94.4	97.4
Total current liabilities	603.0	544.7
Long-term debt	365.0	342.0
Operating lease liabilities	152.1	148.2
Deferred income taxes	102.9	99.4
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock: \$0.01 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding	—	—
Common stock: \$0.01 par value, 800,000,000 shares authorized, 574,049,821 and 574,128,911 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	2.9	2.9
Additional paid-in capital	57.8	67.2
Retained earnings	2,866.7	2,633.9
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(41.8)	(38.4)
Total stockholders' equity	2,885.6	2,665.6
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,108.6	3,799.9

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Amounts in millions except earnings per share)

	(Unaudited) Nine Months Ended September 30,		(Unaudited) Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net sales	\$ 4,289.3	4,056.8	\$ 1,413.3	1,379.1
Cost of sales	2,340.3	2,139.8	772.7	728.0
Gross profit	1,949.0	1,917.0	640.6	651.1
Operating and administrative expenses	1,072.7	1,099.5	351.5	369.2
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(1.1)	(0.8)	(1.0)	—
Operating income	877.4	818.3	290.1	281.9
Interest income	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1
Interest expense	(7.2)	(11.3)	(2.6)	(3.6)
Earnings before income taxes	870.5	807.3	287.6	278.4
Income tax expense	207.5	195.1	66.1	64.9
Net earnings	\$ 663.0	612.2	\$ 221.5	213.5
Basic net earnings per share	\$ 1.16	1.07	\$ 0.39	0.37
Diluted net earnings per share	\$ 1.15	1.07	\$ 0.38	0.37
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	573.7	572.9	573.9	573.5
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	575.5	574.0	576.1	574.4

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Amounts in millions)

	(Unaudited) Nine Months Ended September 30,		(Unaudited) Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net earnings	\$ 663.0	612.2	\$ 221.5	213.5
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments (net of tax of \$0.0 in 2020 and 2019)	(3.4)	(4.2)	11.1	(9.6)
Comprehensive income	\$ 659.6	608.0	\$ 232.6	203.9

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Amounts in millions except per share information)

	(Unaudited) Nine Months Ended September 30,		(Unaudited) Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Common stock				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 2.9	2.9	\$ 2.9	2.9
Balance at end of period	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Additional paid-in capital				
Balance at beginning of period	67.2	3.0	44.4	46.0
Stock options exercised	38.3	43.0	12.0	2.9
Purchases of common stock	(52.0)	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	4.3	4.3	1.4	1.4
Balance at end of period	57.8	50.3	57.8	50.3
Retained earnings				
Balance at beginning of period	2,633.9	2,341.6	2,788.6	2,494.2
Net earnings	663.0	612.2	221.5	213.5
Dividends paid in cash	(430.2)	(372.3)	(143.4)	(126.2)
Balance at end of period	2,866.7	2,581.5	2,866.7	2,581.5
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income				
Balance at beginning of period	(38.4)	(44.8)	(52.9)	(39.4)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(3.4)	(4.2)	11.1	(9.6)
Balance at end of period	(41.8)	(49.0)	(41.8)	(49.0)
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 2,885.6	2,585.7	\$ 2,885.6	2,585.7
Cash dividends paid per share of common stock	\$ 0.750	\$ 0.650	\$ 0.250	\$ 0.220

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Amounts in millions)

	(Unaudited) Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$ 663.0	612.2
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities, net of acquisition:		
Depreciation of property and equipment	114.0	107.8
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(1.1)	(0.8)
Bad debt expense	5.8	4.9
Deferred income taxes	3.5	2.2
Stock-based compensation	4.3	4.3
Amortization of intangible assets	6.4	3.0
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisition:		
Trade accounts receivable	(98.8)	(108.0)
Inventories	22.8	(76.9)
Other current assets	34.2	9.8
Accounts payable	17.6	21.6
Accrued expenses	6.7	0.5
Income taxes	2.1	8.6
Other	0.3	1.1
Net cash provided by operating activities	780.8	590.3
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(123.5)	(184.3)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	8.6	5.0
Cash paid for acquisition	(125.0)	—
Other	1.1	0.2
Net cash used in investing activities	(238.8)	(179.1)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from debt obligations	910.0	745.0
Payments against debt obligations	(850.0)	(800.0)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	38.3	43.0
Purchases of common stock	(52.0)	—
Payments of dividends	(430.2)	(372.3)
Net cash used in financing activities	(383.9)	(384.3)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1.2)	(2.9)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	156.9	24.0
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	174.9	167.2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 331.8	191.2
Supplemental information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 5.9	11.3
Net cash paid for income taxes	\$ 201.4	182.6
Leased assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	\$ 76.1	87.6

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amounts in millions except share and per share information and where otherwise noted)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

(Unaudited)

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Fastenal Company and subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the company, Fastenal, or by terms such as we, our, or us) have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ('GAAP') for interim financial information. They do not include all information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. However, except as described herein, there has been no material change in the information disclosed in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

Impact of COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted and could further impact our operations and the operations of our suppliers and vendors as a result of quarantines, facility closures, illnesses, and travel and logistics restrictions. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts our business, results of operations, and financial condition will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including, but not limited to the duration, spread, severity, and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our customers, suppliers, and vendors and the remedial actions and stimulus measures adopted by federal, state, and local governments, and to what extent normal economic and operating conditions can resume. Even after the COVID-19 pandemic has subsided, we may continue to experience adverse impacts to our business as a result of any economic recession or depression that has occurred or may occur in the future. Therefore, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the future impact at this time.

Stock Split

On April 17, 2019, the board of directors approved a two-for-one stock split of the company's outstanding common stock. Holders of the company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, at the close of business on May 2, 2019, received one additional share of common stock for every share of common stock they owned. The stock split took effect at the close of business on May 22, 2019. All historical common stock share and per share information for all periods presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the stock split.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2020, we adopted Financial Accounting Standard Board ('FASB') Accounting Standards Update ('ASU') 2016-13, *Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which changed the way entities recognize impairment of most financial assets. Short-term and long-term financial assets, as defined by the standard, are impacted by immediate recognition of estimated credit losses in the financial statements, reflecting the net amount expected to be collected. The adoption of this standard had an immaterial impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, *Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business*, which provides guidance to assist entities in evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. ASU 2017-01 requires that, to be a business, an acquired set must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contributes to the ability to create outputs. The company adopted this guidance during the first quarter of 2020 when evaluating the transaction discussed further in Note 2, '*Asset Acquisition*'.

(2) Asset Acquisition

On March 30, 2020, we purchased certain assets of Apex Industrial Technologies LLC ('Apex') that have contributed to the development, design, and scalability of the vending delivery platform utilized since 2008 within our industrial vending business to dispense product and lease devices to our customers. In connection with this transaction, we purchased a perpetual and unfettered use of key patents, designs, software and licenses, as well as direct access to the vending equipment supply chain.

The total purchase price of the assets acquired consisted of \$125.0 paid in cash at closing. We funded the purchase price with available cash and proceeds from borrowings on our unsecured revolving credit facility. We accounted for the purchase as an asset acquisition as substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in the identifiable intangible assets used in the vending delivery platform for our industrial vending business. On a relative fair value basis, the allocated identifiable intangible assets total \$123.8 and tangible property and equipment total \$1.2. The weighted average amortization period of the identifiable intangible assets is approximately 19.4 years.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amounts in millions except share and per share information and where otherwise noted)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

(Unaudited)

(3) Revenue

Revenue Recognition

Net sales include products and shipping and handling charges, net of estimates for product returns and any related sales incentives. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration we expect to receive in exchange for transferring products. All revenue is recognized when we satisfy our performance obligations under the contract. We recognize revenue by transferring the promised products to the customer, with the majority of revenue recognized at the point in time the customer obtains control of the products. We recognize revenue for shipping and handling charges at the time the products are delivered to or picked up by the customer. We estimate product returns based on historical return rates. Using probability assessments, we estimate sales incentives expected to be paid over the term of the contract. The majority of our contracts have a single performance obligation and are short term in nature. Sales taxes and value added taxes in foreign jurisdictions that are collected from customers and remitted to governmental authorities are accounted for on a net basis and therefore are excluded from net sales. Revenues are attributable to countries based on the selling location from which the sale occurred.

Disaggregation of Revenue

Our revenues related to the following geographic areas were as follows for the periods ended September 30:

	Nine-month Period		Three-month Period	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
United States	\$ 3,681.6	3,479.7	\$ 1,205.8	1,182.0
Canada and Mexico	462.3	458.4	160.5	157.2
North America	4,143.9	3,938.1	1,366.3	1,339.2
All other foreign countries	145.4	118.7	47.0	39.9
Total revenues	\$ 4,289.3	4,056.8	\$ 1,413.3	1,379.1

The percentages of our sales by end market were as follows for the periods ended September 30:

	Nine-month Period		Three-month Period	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Manufacturing	61.7%	67.5%	62.7%	67.5%
Non-residential construction	11.4%	12.9%	11.2%	13.0%
Other	26.9%	19.6%	26.1%	19.5%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amounts in millions except share and per share information and where otherwise noted)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

(Unaudited)

The percentages of our sales by product line were as follows for the periods ended September 30:

Type	Introduced	Nine-month Period		Three-month Period	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
Fasteners ⁽¹⁾	1967	29.7%	34.3%	30.5%	33.7%
Tools	1993	8.1%	10.0%	8.5%	10.2%
Cutting tools	1996	4.6%	5.8%	4.7%	5.7%
Hydraulics & pneumatics	1996	5.9%	6.9%	6.1%	6.8%
Material handling	1996	5.1%	5.9%	5.1%	5.9%
Janitorial supplies	1996	9.9%	7.7%	10.7%	8.0%
Electrical supplies	1997	4.1%	4.7%	3.9%	4.6%
Welding supplies	1997	3.5%	4.2%	3.5%	4.2%
Safety supplies	1999	26.1%	17.6%	23.8%	18.2%
Other		3.0%	2.9%	3.2%	2.7%
		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ The fasteners product line represents fasteners and miscellaneous supplies.

(4) Stockholders' Equity

Dividends

On October 12, 2020, our board of directors declared a dividend of \$0.25 per share of common stock to be paid in cash on November 24, 2020 to shareholders of record at the close of business on October 27, 2020. Since 2011, we have paid quarterly dividends. Our board of directors currently intends to continue paying quarterly dividends, provided that any future determination as to payment of dividends will depend on the financial condition and results of operations of the company and such other factors as are deemed relevant by the board of directors.

The following table presents the dividends either paid previously or declared by our board of directors for future payment on a per share basis:

	2020	2019
First quarter	\$ 0.250	0.215
Second quarter	0.250	0.215
Third quarter	0.250	0.220
Fourth quarter	0.250	0.220
Total	\$ 1.000	0.870

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amounts in millions except share and per share information and where otherwise noted)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

(Unaudited)

Stock Options

The following tables summarize the details of options granted under our stock option plans that were outstanding as of September 30, 2020, and the assumptions used to value these grants. All such grants were effective at the close of business on the date of grant.

Date of Grant	Options Granted	Option Exercise (Strike) Price	Closing Stock Price on Date of Grant	September 30, 2020	
				Options Outstanding	Options Exercisable
January 2, 2020	902,263	\$ 38.00	\$ 37.230	878,190	24,964
January 2, 2019	1,316,924	\$ 26.00	\$ 25.705	1,222,784	25,010
January 2, 2018	1,087,936	\$ 27.50	\$ 27.270	898,184	281,144
January 3, 2017	1,529,578	\$ 23.50	\$ 23.475	996,285	385,821
April 19, 2016	1,690,880	\$ 23.00	\$ 22.870	957,561	460,857
April 21, 2015	1,786,440	\$ 21.00	\$ 20.630	607,209	360,577
April 22, 2014	1,910,000	\$ 28.00	\$ 25.265	342,000	187,000
April 16, 2013	410,000	\$ 27.00	\$ 24.625	40,466	21,728
April 17, 2012	2,470,000	\$ 27.00	\$ 24.505	92,748	92,748
Total	13,104,021			6,035,427	1,839,849

Date of Grant	Risk-free Interest Rate	Expected Life of Option in Years	Expected Dividend Yield	Expected Stock Volatility	Estimated Fair Value of Stock Option
January 2, 2020	1.7%	5.00	2.4%	25.70%	\$ 6.81
January 2, 2019	2.5%	5.00	2.9%	23.96%	\$ 4.40
January 2, 2018	2.2%	5.00	2.3%	23.45%	\$ 5.02
January 3, 2017	1.9%	5.00	2.6%	24.49%	\$ 4.20
April 19, 2016	1.3%	5.00	2.6%	26.34%	\$ 4.09
April 21, 2015	1.3%	5.00	2.7%	26.84%	\$ 3.68
April 22, 2014	1.8%	5.00	2.0%	28.55%	\$ 4.79
April 16, 2013	0.7%	5.00	1.6%	37.42%	\$ 6.33
April 17, 2012	0.9%	5.00	1.4%	39.25%	\$ 6.85

All of the options in the tables above vest and become exercisable over a period of up to eight years. Generally, each option will terminate approximately ten years after the grant date.

The fair value of each share-based option is estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes valuation method that uses the assumptions listed above. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury rate over the expected life of the option at the time of grant. The expected life is the average length of time over which we expect the employee groups will exercise their options, which is based on historical experience with similar grants. The dividend yield is estimated over the expected life of the option based on our current dividend payout, historical dividends paid, and expected future cash dividends. Expected stock volatilities are based on the movement of our stock price over the most recent historical period equivalent to the expected life of the option.

Compensation expense equal to the grant date fair value is recognized for all of these awards over the vesting period. The stock-based compensation expense for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$4.3 and \$4.3, respectively. Unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to outstanding unvested stock options as of September 30, 2020 was \$13.8 and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 4.01 years. Any future changes in estimated forfeitures will impact this amount.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amounts in millions except share and per share information and where otherwise noted)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

(Unaudited)

Earnings Per Share

The following tables present a reconciliation of the denominators used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share and a summary of the options to purchase shares of common stock which were excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation because they were anti-dilutive:

Reconciliation	Nine-month Period		Three-month Period	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	573,673,031	572,934,475	573,913,929	573,452,002
Weighted shares assumed upon exercise of stock options	1,797,201	1,042,830	2,203,402	914,771
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	575,470,232	573,977,305	576,117,331	574,366,773

Summary of Anti-dilutive Options Excluded	Nine-month Period		Three-month Period	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Options to purchase shares of common stock	852,728	460,824	—	553,366
Weighted average exercise prices of options	\$ 38.00	27.55	\$ —	27.59

Any dilutive impact summarized above related to periods when the average market price of our stock exceeded the exercise price of the potentially dilutive stock options then outstanding.

(5) Income Taxes

Fastenal files income tax returns in the United States federal jurisdiction, all states, and various local and foreign jurisdictions. With limited exceptions, we are no longer subject to income tax examinations by taxing authorities for taxable years before 2017 in the case of United States federal examinations, and 2015 in the case of foreign, state, and local examinations. During the first nine months of 2020, there were no material changes in unrecognized tax benefits.

During the second quarter of 2020, we deferred \$111.5 in federal and state income and payroll tax payments as allowed under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the 'CARES' Act), which was signed into law in March 2020 to help businesses navigate COVID-19 related challenges. The deferred federal and state income tax payments, which constituted \$103.9 of the deferred value, were made in the third quarter of 2020, while the deferred payroll taxes will be paid in the third quarter of 2021.

(6) Operating Leases

Certain operating leases for pick-up trucks contain residual value guarantee provisions which would generally become due at the expiration of the operating lease agreement if the fair value of the leased vehicles is less than the guaranteed residual value. The aggregate residual value guarantee related to these leases is approximately \$85.4. We believe the likelihood of funding the guarantee obligation under any provision of the operating lease agreements is remote.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amounts in millions except share and per share information and where otherwise noted)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

(Unaudited)

(7) Debt Commitments
Credit Facility, Notes Payable, and Commitments

Debt obligations and letters of credit outstanding at the end of each period consisted of the following:

	Average Interest Rate at September 30, 2020	Maturity Date	Debt Outstanding	
			September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Unsecured revolving credit facility	1.10%	November 30, 2023	\$ —	210.0
Senior unsecured promissory notes payable, Series A	2.00%	July 20, 2021	40.0	40.0
Senior unsecured promissory notes payable, Series B	2.45%	July 20, 2022	35.0	35.0
Senior unsecured promissory notes payable, Series C	3.22%	March 1, 2024	60.0	60.0
Senior unsecured promissory notes payable, Series D	2.66%	May 15, 2025	75.0	—
Senior unsecured promissory notes payable, Series E	2.72%	May 15, 2027	50.0	—
Senior unsecured promissory notes payable, Series F	1.69%	June 24, 2023	70.0	—
Senior unsecured promissory notes payable, Series G	2.13%	June 24, 2026	25.0	—
Senior unsecured promissory notes payable, Series H	2.50%	June 24, 2030	50.0	—
Total			405.0	345.0
Less: Current portion of debt			(40.0)	(3.0)
Long-term debt			\$ 365.0	342.0
Outstanding letters of credit under unsecured revolving credit facility - contingent obligation			\$ 36.3	36.3

Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility

We have a \$700.0 committed unsecured revolving credit facility ('Credit Facility'). The Credit Facility includes a committed letter of credit subfacility of \$55.0. Any borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility for which we have the ability and intent to pay using cash within the next twelve months, will be classified as a current liability. The Credit Facility contains certain financial and other covenants, and our right to borrow under the Credit Facility is conditioned upon, among other things, our compliance with these covenants. We are currently in compliance with these covenants.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility generally bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the London Interbank Offered Rate ('LIBOR') for interest periods of various lengths selected by us, plus 0.95%. We pay a commitment fee for the unused portion of the Credit Facility. This fee is either 0.10% or 0.125% per annum based on our usage of the Credit Facility.

Senior Unsecured Promissory Notes Payable

We have issued senior unsecured promissory notes under our master note agreement (the 'Master Note Agreement') in the aggregate principal amount of \$405.0. Our aggregate borrowing capacity under the Master Note Agreement is \$600.0; however, none of the institutional investors party to that agreement are committed to purchase notes thereunder. There is no amortization of these notes prior to their maturity date and interest is payable quarterly. The notes currently issued under our Master Note Agreement, including the maturity date and fixed interest rate per annum of each series of note, are contained in the table above.

FASTENAL COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amounts in millions except share and per share information and where otherwise noted)

September 30, 2020 and 2019

(Unaudited)

(8) Legal Contingencies

The nature of our potential exposure to legal contingencies is described in our 2019 annual report on Form 10-K in Note 10 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. As of September 30, 2020, there were no litigation matters that we consider to be probable or reasonably possible to have a material adverse outcome.

(9) Subsequent Events

We evaluated all subsequent event activity and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the condensed consolidated financial statements or disclosure in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, with the exception of the dividend declaration disclosed in Note 4 *'Stockholders' Equity'*.

ITEM 2 — MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is management's discussion and analysis of certain significant factors which have affected our financial position and operating results during the periods included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. Dollar amounts are stated in millions except for share and per share amounts and where otherwise noted. Share and per share information in this 10-Q has been adjusted to reflect the two-for-one stock split effective at the close of business on May 22, 2019. Throughout this document, percentage and dollar change calculations, which are based on non-rounded dollar values, may not be able to be recalculated using the dollar values in this document due to the rounding of those dollar values.

Business

Fastenal is a North American leader in the wholesale distribution of industrial and construction supplies. We distribute these supplies through a network of over 3,200 in-market locations. Most of our customers are in the manufacturing and non-residential construction markets. The manufacturing market includes producers who incorporate our products into final goods, called original equipment manufacturing (OEM), and/or utilize our supplies in the maintenance, repair, and operation (MRO) of their facilities and equipment. The non-residential construction market includes general, electrical, plumbing, sheet metal, and road contractors. Other users of our products include farmers, truckers, railroads, oil exploration, production, and refinement companies, mining companies, federal, state, and local governmental entities, schools, and certain retail trades. Geographically, our branches, Onsite locations, and customers are primarily located in North America (the United States, Canada, and Mexico), though our presence outside of North America continues to grow as well.

Our motto is ***Growth through Customer Service***[®]. We are a growth-centric organization focused on identifying 'drivers' that allow us to get closer to our customers and gain market share in what we believe remains a fragmented industrial distribution market. Our growth drivers have evolved and changed, and can be expected to continue to evolve and change, over time.

Impact of COVID-19 on Our Business

In the second quarter of 2020, the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business were dramatic in two respects. First, local and national actions taken, such as stay-at-home mandates, reduced business activity sharply as many customers either closed their locations or operated at significantly diminished capacity. This effect was illustrated in a significant decline in sales for our fastener products. Second, social actions taken to mitigate the effects of the pandemic produced significant demand for personal protection equipment ('PPE') and sanitation products, generating significant sales of such products not only to certain traditional customers but also to state and local government entities as well as front line responders. This effect was illustrated by a significant increase in sales for our safety products. During that period, improved sales of PPE and sanitation products more than offset the general economic weakness. These dynamics affected our business throughout the second quarter of 2020, but the effects were greatest in April, with sequential improvements in May and June as business restrictions gradually eased.

The pandemic continued to have a significant impact on our business in the third quarter of 2020. The marketplace broadly, and Fastenal specifically, continued to operate with certain modifications to balance re-opening with employee and customer safety. However, most of the markets in which we operate began to normalize in the third quarter of 2020. This improved the outlook of the manufacturing and construction customers that support our traditional branch and Onsite business and moderated the level of demand for PPE and sanitation products that we experienced at the onset of the pandemic. We believe that the sequential gains in economic activity that we experienced in the latter part of the second quarter of 2020 continued through the third quarter of 2020, although the rate of improvement remains gradual and the overall activity level remains below pre-pandemic levels.

Consistent with broader social trends, we have taken steps to safeguard the health of our employees. This includes closing branch and corporate facilities to outside personnel, enabling through technology significant work from home capabilities for many employees, and where employees remain in the workplace creating space between work areas, providing ample PPE and cleaning supplies, and having formal policies for mitigation in the event of cases of illness. Due to these precautions, our operations have continued to function effectively, including internal controls over financial reporting.

In light of a continued high rate of viral infections that exists as of this date, there remains significant uncertainty concerning the magnitude of the impact and duration of the COVID-19 pandemic. Factors deriving from the COVID-19 response that have or may negatively impact sales and gross margin in the future include, but are not limited to: limitations on the ability of our suppliers to manufacture, or procure from manufacturers, the products we sell, or to meet delivery requirements and commitments; limitations on the ability of our employees to perform their work due to illness caused by the pandemic or local, state, or federal orders requiring employees to remain at home; limitations on the ability of carriers to deliver our products to customers; limitations on the ability of our customers to conduct their business and purchase our products and services; and limitations on the ability of our customers to pay us on a timely basis. With respect to liquidity, we continue to evaluate and limit costs and spending across our organization. This includes reduced headcount, a reduction in discretionary spending, and lower anticipated spending on capital investment projects. As of the end of the third quarter of 2020, we have substantially all of our \$700.0 bank revolver available for use in the event that the need arises.

We will continue to actively monitor the situation and may take further actions that alter our business operations as may be required by federal, state, or local authorities or that we determine are in the best interests of our employees, customers, suppliers, and shareholders. While we are unable to determine or predict the nature, duration, or scope of the overall impact the COVID-19 pandemic will have on our business, results of operations, liquidity, or capital resources, we believe that it is important to share where our company stands today, how our response to COVID-19 is progressing, and how our operations and financial condition may change as the fight against COVID-19 progresses.

Executive Overview

Net sales increased \$34.2, or 2.5%, in the third quarter of 2020 relative to the third quarter of 2019. Our gross profit as a percentage of net sales declined to 45.3% in the third quarter of 2020 from 47.2% in the third quarter of 2019. Our operating income, as a percentage of net sales, increased to 20.5% in the third quarter of 2020 from 20.4% in the third quarter of 2019. Our net earnings during the third quarter of 2020 were \$221.5, an increase of 3.7% when compared to the third quarter of 2019. Our diluted net earnings per share were \$0.38 during the third quarter of 2020 compared to \$0.37 during the third quarter of 2019, an increase of 3.4%.

Our results in the third quarter of 2020 were affected by the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic throughout the period, though these impacts were generally not as severe as was experienced in the second quarter of 2020. Based on trends in vending dispenses and hub picks during the period, we believe there was gradual sequential improvement in general business activity each month of the quarter. Sales of COVID-related products (masks, shields, sanitizer, etc.) remained elevated in the third quarter of 2020 relative to the third quarter of 2019, but moderated relative to the second quarter of 2020. At the same time, underlying business conditions remained weak, although not as difficult as was experienced in the second quarter of 2020. While signings for Onsites (defined as dedicated sales and service provided from within, or in close proximity to, the customer's facility) and vending devices remain below pre-pandemic levels, our customers are beginning to re-engage in discussions involving our growth drivers as business conditions have begun to normalize.

The table below summarizes our total employee headcount, our investments in in-market locations (defined as the sum of the total number of public branch locations and the total number of active Onsite locations), and industrial vending devices at the end of the periods presented and the percentage change compared to the end of the prior periods.

	Q3 2020	Q2 2020	Change Since: Q2 2020	Q4 2019	Change Since: Q4 2019	Q3 2019	Change Since: Q3 2019
In-market locations - absolute employee headcount	12,708	12,982	-2.1%	13,977	-9.1%	14,128	-10.1%
Total absolute employee headcount	20,336	20,667	-1.6%	21,948	-7.3%	21,938	-7.3%
Number of public branch locations	2,033	2,060	-1.3%	2,114	-3.8%	2,146	-5.3%
Number of active Onsite locations	1,236	1,212	2.0%	1,114	11.0%	1,076	14.9%
Number of in-market locations	3,269	3,272	-0.1%	3,228	1.3%	3,222	1.5%
Industrial vending devices (installed count) ⁽¹⁾	94,395	92,615	1.9%	89,937	5.0%	88,327	6.9%
<i>Ratio of industrial vending devices to in-market locations</i>	<i>29:1</i>	<i>28:1</i>		<i>28:1</i>		<i>27:1</i>	

⁽¹⁾ This number primarily represents devices which principally dispense product and produce product revenues, and excludes slightly more than 15,000 devices that are part of our locker lease program where the devices are principally used for the check-in/check-out of equipment.

During the last twelve months, we reduced our absolute employee headcount by 1,420 people in our in-market locations and 1,602 people in total. The reduction in our absolute employee headcount in our in-market and distribution center locations reflects efforts to control expenses in response to weaker demand. The decrease in our total absolute employee count is mostly from personnel reductions in our in-market locations, distribution centers, and manufacturing operations, and was only partly offset by additions in non-branch selling and support roles. The latter reflects the addition of certain employees from our acquisition of the mostly intangible assets of Apex Industrial Technologies LLC, our historical vending technology partner, as well as roles to support customer acquisition and implementation, particularly as it relates to our growth drivers and to support general corporate functions.

We opened three branches in the third quarter of 2020 and closed 30 branches, net of conversions. We activated 57 Onsite locations in the third quarter of 2020 and closed 33, net of conversions. The number of closings reflects both normal churn in our business, whether due to redefining or exiting customer relationships, the shutting or relocation of a customer facility, or a customer decision, as well as our ongoing review of underperforming locations. Our in-market network forms the foundation of

our business strategy, and we will continue to open or close locations as is deemed necessary to sustain and improve our network, support our growth drivers, and manage our operating expenses.

Results of Operations

The following sets forth condensed consolidated statement of earnings information (as a percentage of net sales) for the periods ended September 30:

	Nine-month Period		Three-month Period	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Gross profit	45.4%	47.3%	45.3%	47.2%
Operating and administrative expenses	25.0%	27.1%	24.9%	26.8%
Gain on sale of property and equipment	0.0%	0.0%	-0.1%	0.0%
Operating income	20.5%	20.2%	20.5%	20.4%
Net interest expense	-0.2%	-0.3%	-0.2%	-0.3%
Earnings before income taxes	20.3%	19.9%	20.4%	20.2%

Note – Amounts may not foot due to rounding difference.

Net Sales

The table below sets forth net sales and daily sales for the periods ended September 30, and changes in such sales from the prior period to the more recent period:

	Nine-month Period		Three-month Period	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net sales	\$ 4,289.3	4,056.8	\$ 1,413.3	1,379.1
Percentage change	5.7%	8.7%	2.5%	7.8%
Business days	192	191	64	64
Daily sales	\$ 22.3	21.2	\$ 22.1	21.5
Percentage change	5.2%	8.7%	2.5%	6.1%
Daily sales impact of currency fluctuations	-0.2%	-0.4%	0.0%	-0.2%
Daily sales impact of acquisitions	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%

Note – Daily sales are defined as the total net sales for the period divided by the number of business days (in the United States) in the period.

In the first nine months of 2020, our net sales of \$4,289.3 increased \$232.5, or 5.7%. Adjusted for an extra selling day in the first quarter of 2020, our daily sales rate increased 5.2%. This increase is due to higher sales of PPE and sanitation products to global governments, healthcare providers, and businesses as they have addressed the increase in COVID-19 infections and the need to re-open economies and businesses safely.

The calendar year 2020 to date has been marked by three distinct phases:

- In January and February of 2020, underlying business conditions were sluggish, an extension of what we experienced at the end of 2019. The Purchasing Managers Index ('PMI'), published by the Institute for Supply Chain Management, averaged 50.5 during this period, just barely above a reading of 50 that is indicative of growing demand. However, we were able to grow our daily sales by 4.1% over this period, due largely to unit sales from our vending and Onsite growth initiatives and, to a lesser extent, product pricing as a result of pricing actions taken in mid-2019. These conditions carried into the first part of March.
- Beginning in the second half of March, global governments and businesses began to respond aggressively to the COVID-19 pandemic, resulting in weaker business activity. This produced two effects. First, underlying business conditions turned sharply negative as stay-at-home orders in many of the geographic markets in which we operate caused businesses to close or operate at significantly reduced levels. This was captured by the PMI, which averaged 45.7 from April to June, with readings below 50 being indicative of declining demand. During this period, sales through our branches to our traditional manufacturing, construction, and walk-in customers fell, more than offsetting the unit gains we had experienced in January, February, and early March. This effect was most pronounced in April, but we did experience some sequential improvement in business conditions in May and June. This was best illustrated by our daily sales rate trend of fasteners, which is our most cyclical product category and which was unaffected by surge activity. In April 2020, fastener

daily sales were down 22.5%. In May, the rate of decline moderated to down 15.3% and in June, it moderated again to down 11.4%. Second, we saw a surge in PPE and sanitation orders as governments, front line responders, and critical infrastructure customers sought to protect their employees as they worked to mitigate the effects of the pandemic. This resulted in a meaningful increase in our sales of PPE and sanitation products that began late in March and is best illustrated by daily growth in our safety line in April of 119.7%, in May of 136.3%, and in June of 94.9%. Sales of "surge" product during this period, which we estimate to have been in a range of \$350.0 to \$360.0, more than offset weakness in our traditional customer base, and our second quarter 2020 daily sales grew 10.3%.

- We believe the third quarter of 2020 reflects a gradual normalization of business activity, although still at levels below those that existed in the first quarter of 2020. The sequential improvements we experienced in May and June continued throughout the period, albeit at a much more gradual pace as our manufacturing and non-residential construction customers continued to address low demand as well as supply chain and labor force challenges. This was again captured by the PMI, which improved from the second quarter of 2020 to average 55.2 from July to September, as well as our sales of fastener products, the decline in daily sales of which moderated further to 6.9% in the period. On the other hand, sales of PPE and sanitizer products, while still elevated relative to pre-pandemic levels, eased as supply chains and customer purchasing patterns stabilized. Daily sales of safety products, a good proxy for these trends, increased 34.4% in the third quarter of 2020. Weak, but improving, activity in our traditional business and strong, but moderating, sales of pandemic-related supplies largely offset each other to produce total daily sales growth in the third quarter of 2020 of 2.5%.

Product pricing was a stable, albeit minimal, contributor throughout the nine month period and was immaterial in the third quarter of 2020. We estimate the contribution of price increases to sales growth in the first nine months and third quarter of 2020 was 30 to 60 basis points and 10 to 40 basis points, respectively. In the third quarter of 2020 specifically, the impact of pricing became immaterial as the inflationary environment has become subdued, and we are now comparing to the price increases that were instituted in the third quarter of 2019. We estimate the contribution of price increases to sales growth in the first nine months and third quarter of 2019 was 80 to 110 basis points and 90 to 120 basis points, respectively.

Pandemic-related events also produced significant shifts in the mix of our business through the first nine months of 2020. This impact was most pronounced in the second quarter of 2020, but even in the third quarter of 2020, as business conditions began to normalize, we saw our mix of safety products remain elevated relative to pre-pandemic levels. From a product standpoint, fastener daily sales declined 8.7% in the first nine months of 2020 from the first nine months of 2019 and accounted for 29.7% of total sales, down from 34.3% of sales in the prior year. Fasteners tend to be our highest margin product line. In contrast, safety daily sales, which includes PPE, grew 56.5% in the first nine months of 2020 from the first nine months of 2019 and accounted for 26.1% of total sales, up from 17.6% of sales in the prior year. Daily sales of other products, which includes sanitizer, decreased 2.8% in the first nine months of 2020 from the first nine months of 2019 and accounted for 44.2% of total sales, down from 48.1% of sales in the prior year. Safety and other products tend to have gross margins below our company average.

From a customer standpoint, daily sales of our manufacturing customers declined 3.7% in the first nine months of 2020 from the first nine months of 2019. Daily sales of our non-residential construction customers declined 7.5% in the first nine months of 2020 from the first nine months of 2019. These reflected the challenging underlying business environment through the period. In contrast, sales to government customers, which includes health care providers, increased 139.7% and was 8.5% of our sales mix in the first nine months of 2020, up from 3.7% of sales in the first nine months of 2019.

Pandemic-related events also reduced activity around our growth drivers, as customers shifted their energies to managing short term disruption rather than long-term strategic planning. For instance:

- We signed 12,961 industrial vending devices during the first nine months of 2020 and 4,680 industrial vending devices during the third quarter of 2020, down 22.4% and 17.5%, respectively, from the year earlier periods. On a business day basis, we signed 75 in the first quarter of 2020, 54 in the second quarter of 2020, and 73 in the third quarter of 2020, still below our pre-pandemic goal of 100 device signings daily. Our installed device count on September 30, 2020 was 94,395, an increase of 6.9% over September 30, 2019. Daily sales through our vending devices declined at a low single-digit pace in the first nine months of 2020 and a low-to-mid single-digit pace in the third quarter of 2020 as lower revenue per machine more than offset the increase in the installed base in each period. These device counts do not include slightly more than 15,000 vending devices deployed as part of a lease locker program.
- We signed 187 new Onsite locations during the first nine months of 2020. This included 85 signings in the first quarter of 2020, 40 in the second quarter of 2020, and 62 in the third quarter of 2020. We had 1,236 active sites on September 30, 2020, which represented an increase of 14.9% from September 30, 2019. Daily sales through our Onsite locations, excluding sales transferred from branches to new Onsites, declined at a low single-digit pace in both the first nine months of 2020 and the third quarter of 2020. Weaker activity resulted in weaker sales at more mature sites which more than offset the contribution of newer active locations.

In April 2020, we retracted our 2020 signing goals for vending devices and Onsites based on a marketplace that had begun to weaken sharply and a customer environment that had begun to divert its energies to near-term challenges over strategic planning. In the case of both vending devices and Onsites, signings bottomed in April and have improved since, with signings higher for both vending devices and Onsites in the third quarter of 2020 than we achieved in the second quarter of 2020. Further, customers are beginning to re-engage in discussions involving our growth drivers. However, this improvement remains gradual and signings remain below our pre-pandemic level of expectations. We view the favorable long-term outlook for our growth drivers as unchanged relative to pre-pandemic levels. However, the timing of such normalization remains uncertain, and as a result we have not re-instituted guidance for vending and Onsite signings for 2020.

Net sales increased \$34.2, or 2.5%, in the third quarter of 2020 when compared to the third quarter of 2019. This increase was driven primarily by higher unit sales of safety products, where volume moderated relative to the pandemic-driven level of "surge" sales in the second quarter of 2020, but remained elevated relative to the third quarter of 2019. Re-opening of the economy has been accompanied by greater demand for PPE, hand sanitizer, and related products, which more than offset continued softness in underlying business activity owing to a generally weak industrial marketplace for products unrelated to mitigating the effects of COVID-19. The impact of product pricing on net sales was immaterial, as price levels were broadly comparable to those of the third quarter of 2019.

Sales by Product Line

The approximate mix of sales from fasteners, safety supplies, and all other product lines was as follows for the periods ended September 30:

	Nine-month Period		Three-month Period	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Fasteners	29.7%	34.3%	30.5%	33.7%
Safety supplies	26.1%	17.6%	23.8%	18.2%
Other product lines	44.2%	48.1%	45.7%	48.1%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Gross Profit

In the first nine months of 2020, our gross profit, as a percentage of net sales, declined to 45.4%, or 190 basis points from 47.3% in the first nine months of 2019. We believe the decline in gross profit during this period is primarily due to three items. (1) Product and customer mix have adversely affected our gross profit percentage, the most significant of which is product mix. From the first nine months of 2019 to the first nine months of 2020, our daily sales of fastener products decreased 8.7% while our daily sales of non-fastener products grew 13.2%. Fasteners are our highest gross profit margin product line due to the high transaction cost surrounding the sourcing and supply of the product for our customers, and relative weakness from this line can push our gross profit margin lower. The drag from customer mix has been relatively minor through the first nine months of 2020, as the disproportionate impact of pandemic-related shutdowns on Onsite activity has narrowed the growth rates between our lower margin Onsite and National Account customers and our higher margin non-National Account customers versus what we had achieved in prior periods. (2) Our product margins for safety and, to a lesser degree, other products declined. In the second quarter of 2020, this was due to our purchasing large volumes of pandemic-related products quickly from non-traditional sources and non-optimized supply chains. In the third quarter, it is because supply chains have become flush with these products, creating margin pressure for pandemic-related products. (3) Organizational factors resulted in us not being able to leverage near- and intermediate-term fixed costs, such as our manufacturing operations and captive fleet, as well as period costs flowing through our operation due to slower growth in the period. Rebates and import costs also represented a drag to gross profit in the period. These factors were only slightly offset by lower fuel costs and fleet expense management efforts.

In the third quarter of 2020, our gross profit, as a percentage of net sales, declined to 45.3% or 190 basis points from 47.2% in the third quarter of 2019. The decline is primarily attributable to the same factors that influenced the first nine months, as described in the preceding paragraphs.

Operating and Administrative Expenses

Our operating and administrative expenses (including the gain on sales of property and equipment), as a percentage of net sales, improved to 25.0% in the first nine months of 2020 compared to 27.1% in the first nine months of 2019, and improved to 24.8% in the third quarter of 2020 compared to 26.8% in the third quarter of 2019. During the first nine months of 2020, we achieved leverage by generating relatively lower growth in employee-related, occupancy-related, and all other operating and administrative costs than we experienced in sales. In the third quarter of 2020, we achieved leverage by generating relatively lower growth in employee-related and all other operating and administrative costs than we experienced in sales.

The growth or contraction in employee-related, occupancy-related, and all other operating and administrative expenses (including the gain on sales of property and equipment) compared to the same periods in the preceding year, is outlined in the table below.

	Approximate Percentage of Total Operating and Administrative Expenses	Nine-month Period	Three-month Period
		2020	2020
Employee-related expenses	65% to 70%	-2.9%	-4.9%
Occupancy-related expenses	15% to 20%	0.6%	0.7%
All other operating and administrative expenses	10% to 15%	-4.5%	-13.6%

Employee-related expenses include: (1) payroll (which includes cash compensation, stock option expense, and profit sharing), (2) health care, (3) personnel development, and (4) social taxes. In the first nine months of 2020, our employee-related expenses decreased when compared to the first nine months of 2019 as a result of lower average FTE during the period, reduced incentive pay due mostly to slower sales and earnings growth, and reduced spending on the Fastenal School of Business as pandemic-related policies eliminated in-person training programs. In the third quarter of 2020, our employee-related expenses decreased when compared to the third quarter of 2019, as a result of lower average FTE during the period and reduced incentive pay due mostly to slower sales and earnings growth, which was partially offset by an increase in employer profit sharing expense.

The table below summarizes our FTE headcount at the end of the periods presented and the percentage change compared to the end of the prior periods:

	Q3 2020	Q2 2020	Change Since: Q2 2020	Q4 2019	Change Since: Q4 2019	Q3 2019	Change Since: Q3 2019
In-market locations	11,302	11,310	-0.1%	12,236	-7.6%	12,417	-9.0%
Total selling (includes in-market locations)	13,197	13,186	0.1%	14,060	-6.1%	14,226	-7.2%
Distribution	2,638	2,615	0.9%	2,895	-8.9%	2,821	-6.5%
Manufacturing	618	625	-1.1%	674	-8.3%	684	-9.6%
Administrative	1,409	1,388	1.5%	1,339	5.2%	1,329	6.0%
Total	17,862	17,814	0.3%	18,968	-5.8%	19,060	-6.3%

Occupancy-related expenses include: (1) building rent, depreciation, and utility costs, (2) equipment related to our branches and distribution locations, and (3) industrial vending equipment (we view vending equipment, excluding leased locker equipment, to be an extension of our in-market operations and classify the depreciation and repair costs as occupancy expense). In the first nine months of 2020, our occupancy-related expenses increased when compared to the first nine months of 2019. In the third quarter of 2020, our occupancy-related costs increased when compared to the third quarter of 2019. In both periods, the major components of our occupancy expense - our distribution centers, branches, vending device costs and equipment - all had individually very small changes that collectively produced the slight increases in occupancy expenses during both periods.

All other operating and administrative expenses include: (1) selling-related transportation, (2) information technology expenses, (3) net event costs, (4) general corporate expenses, including legal expenses, general insurance expenses, and travel and marketing expenses, and (5) gains on sales of property and equipment. Combined, all other operating and administrative expenses decreased in the first nine months of 2020 when compared to the first nine months of 2019. This was primarily a function of lower non-selling transportation expenses, reduced spending on travel, and generally tight cost control, only partly offset by slight increases for information technology and higher net event costs. Combined, all other operating and administrative expenses decreased in the third quarter of 2020 when compared to the third quarter of 2019. Lower costs for selling-related transportation due to lower fuel prices and lower expenses due to minimal travel and tight cost control more than offset higher spending on information technology.

Net Interest Expense

Our net interest expense was \$6.9 in the first nine months of 2020 and \$2.5 in the third quarter of 2020, compared to \$11.1 in the first nine months of 2019 and \$3.5 in the third quarter of 2019. The decrease in both periods was caused by lower average interest rates and a lower average debt balance during the period.

Income Taxes

We recorded income tax expense of \$207.5 in the first nine months of 2020, or 23.8% of earnings before income taxes, and \$66.1 in the third quarter of 2020, or 23.0% of earnings before income taxes. We recorded income tax expense of \$195.1 in the first nine months of 2019, or 24.2% of earnings before income taxes, and \$64.9 in the third quarter of 2019, or 23.3% of earnings before income taxes. We continue to believe our ongoing tax rate, absent any discrete tax items, will be in the 24.5% to 25.0% range.

Net Earnings

Our net earnings during the first nine months of 2020 were \$663.0, an increase of 8.3% when compared to the first nine months of 2019. Our net earnings during the third quarter of 2020 were \$221.5, an increase of 3.7% when compared to the third quarter of 2019.

Our diluted net earnings per share during the first nine months of 2020 were \$1.15, an increase of 8.0% when compared to the first nine months of 2019. Our diluted net earnings per share during the third quarter of 2020 were \$0.38, an increase of 3.4% when compared to the third quarter of 2019.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash flow activity was as follows for the periods ended September 30:

	Nine-month Period	
	2020	2019
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 780.8	590.3
Percentage of net earnings	117.8%	96.4%
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ 238.8	179.1
Percentage of net earnings	36.0%	29.3%
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ 383.9	384.3
Percentage of net earnings	57.9%	62.8%

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities increased in the first nine months of 2020 relative to the first nine months of 2019. The most significant contributors to the increase in our operating cash flow were an increase in our net earnings and reduced working capital needs, especially as it relates to inventory. In contrast to last year, our supply chain for fasteners has caught up with weak demand. Combined with lower Onsite signings and sales and a general soft demand environment that traditionally requires less inventory and receivables on the part of our customers, our working capital needs in the first nine months of 2020 have been lower than in the first nine months of 2019.

The dollar and percentage change in accounts receivable, net, inventories, and accounts payable from September 30, 2019 to September 30, 2020 were as follows:

	September 30		Twelve-month Dollar Change	Twelve-month Percentage Change
	2020	2019	2020	2020
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 834.5	817.3	\$ 17.3	2.1%
Inventories	1,342.6	1,354.7	(12.1)	-0.9%
Trade working capital	\$ 2,177.1	2,172.0	\$ 5.2	0.2%
Accounts payable	\$ 210.4	215.2	\$ (4.8)	-2.2%
Trade working capital, net	\$ 1,966.7	1,956.7	\$ 10.0	0.5%
Net sales in last two months	\$ 943.8	921.5	\$ 22.3	2.4%

Note - Amounts may not foot due to rounding difference.

The growth in our net accounts receivable from September 30, 2019 to September 30, 2020 reflects the growth in our sales.

The decrease in inventory from September 30, 2019 to September 30, 2020 was primarily due to inventory needs being generally reduced by the low levels of activity among our customer base and lower-than-expected signings of vending devices and Onsites.

The decrease in accounts payable from September 30, 2019 to September 30, 2020 was primarily due to the effect of lower customer demand on our purchasing activity.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities increased from the first nine months of 2019 to the first nine months of 2020. This was due to the acquisition of certain assets of Apex Industrial Technologies LLC during the first quarter of 2020. This was slightly offset by lower net capital expenditures.

Our capital spending will typically fall into five categories: (1) the addition of manufacturing and warehouse property and equipment, (2) the purchase of industrial vending technology, (3) the purchase of software and hardware for our information processing systems, (4) the addition of fleet vehicles, and (5) the purchase of signage, shelving, and other fixed assets related to branch and Onsite locations. Proceeds from the sales of property and equipment, typically for the planned disposition of pick-up trucks as well as distribution vehicles and trailers in the normal course of business, are netted against these purchases and additions. During the first nine months of 2020, our net capital expenditures were \$114.9, which is a decrease of 35.9% from the first nine months of 2019. Of the factors described above, lower spending to develop and expand certain distribution center assets, reduced spend on vending devices owing to lower signings, and reduced fleet vehicle investment primarily explains the decline in our net capital expenditures in the first nine months of 2020.

Cash requirements for capital expenditures were satisfied from cash generated from operations, available cash and cash equivalents, our borrowing capacity, and the proceeds of disposals. Our expectations for net capital spending in 2020 is unchanged in a range of \$155.0 to \$180.0, a decrease from \$239.8 in 2019. This decline reflects anticipated reductions in projects that would develop and expand certain distribution center assets, reduced fleet vehicle investment, and lower vending spend due to a reduction in expected signings and, to a lesser degree, the impact on the cost of our vending equipment following the Apex asset purchase.

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities in the first nine months of 2020 consisted of payments of dividends and purchases of our common stock, which were partially offset by net proceeds from debt obligations and from the exercise of stock options. Net cash used in financing activities in the first nine months of 2019 consisted of payments of dividends and net payments against debt obligations, which were partially offset by proceeds from the exercise of stock options. During the first nine months of 2020, we returned \$430.2 in dividends to shareholders, compared to \$372.3 in dividends in the first nine months of 2019. During the first nine months of 2020, we purchased 1,600,000 shares of our common stock at an average price of approximately \$32.54 per share, resulting in \$52.0 of cash used for share repurchase. During the first nine months of 2019, we did not purchase any shares of our common stock. We currently have authority to purchase up to 3,200,000 additional shares of our common stock. An overview of our dividends paid or declared in 2020 and 2019 is contained in Note 4 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates – A discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates is contained in our 2019 annual report on Form 10-K.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements – A description of recently adopted accounting pronouncements is contained in Note 1 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Certain Contractual Obligations – A discussion of the nature and amount of certain of our contractual obligations is contained in our 2019 annual report on Form 10-K. That portion of total debt outstanding under our Credit Facility and notes payable classified as long-term, and the maturity of that debt, is described earlier in Note 7 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Certain Risks and Uncertainties – Certain statements contained in this document do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. As such, they are considered 'forward-looking statements' that provide current expectations or forecasts of future events. These forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements can be identified by the use of terminology such as anticipate, believe, should, estimate, expect, intend, may, will, plan, goal, project, hope, trend, target, opportunity, and similar words or expressions, or by references to typical outcomes. Any statement that is not a purely historical fact, including estimates, projections, trends, and the outcome of events that have not yet occurred, is a forward-looking statement. Our forward-looking statements generally relate to our

expectations and beliefs regarding the business environment in which we operate, our projections of future performance, our perceived marketplace opportunities, our strategies, goals, mission and vision, and our expectations related to future capital expenditures, future tax rates, future inventory levels, Onsite and industrial vending signings, and the impact of price increases and surge sales on overall sales growth or margin performance. You should understand that forward-looking statements involve a variety of risks and uncertainties, known and unknown, and may be affected by inaccurate assumptions. Consequently, no forward-looking statement can be guaranteed and actual results may vary materially. Factors that could cause our actual results to differ from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, economic downturns, weakness in the manufacturing or commercial construction industries, competitive pressure on selling prices, changes in our current mix of products, customers, or geographic locations, changes in our average branch size, changes in our purchasing patterns, changes in customer needs, changes in fuel or commodity prices, inclement weather, changes in foreign currency exchange rates, difficulty in adapting our business model to different foreign business environments, failure to accurately predict the market potential of our business strategies or the impact of surge sales on our overall net sales, the introduction or expansion of new business strategies, weak acceptance or adoption of our vending or Onsite business models, increased competition in industrial vending or Onsite, difficulty in maintaining installation quality as our industrial vending business expands, the leasing to customers of a significant number of additional industrial vending devices, the failure to meet our goals and expectations regarding branch openings, branch closings, or expansion of our industrial vending or Onsite operations, changes in the implementation objectives of our business strategies, difficulty in hiring, relocating, training, or retaining qualified personnel, difficulty in controlling operating expenses, difficulty in collecting receivables or accurately predicting future inventory needs, dramatic changes in sales trends, changes in supplier production lead times, changes in our cash position or our need to make capital expenditures, credit market volatility, changes in tax law or the impact of any such changes on future tax rates, changes in tariffs or the impact of any such changes on our financial results, changes in the availability or price of commercial real estate, changes in the nature, price, or availability of distribution, supply chain, or other technology (including software licensed from third parties) and services related to that technology, cyber-security incidents, potential liability and reputational damage that can arise if our products are defective, difficulties measuring the contribution of price increases on sales growth, and other risks and uncertainties detailed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including our most recent annual and quarterly reports. Each forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any such statement to reflect events or circumstances arising after such date.

ITEM 3 — QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

We are exposed to certain market risks from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, commodity steel pricing, commodity energy prices, and interest rates. Changes in these factors cause fluctuations in our earnings and cash flows. We evaluate and manage exposure to these market risks as follows:

Foreign currency exchange rates – Foreign currency fluctuations can affect our net investments, our operations in countries other than the U.S., and earnings denominated in foreign currencies. Historically, our primary exchange rate exposure has been with the Canadian dollar against the United States dollar. We have not historically hedged our foreign currency risk given that exposure to date has not been material. In the first nine months of 2020, changes in foreign currency exchange rates reduced our reported net sales by \$8.7 with the estimated effect on our net earnings being immaterial.

Commodity steel pricing – We buy and sell various types of steel products; these products consist primarily of different types of threaded fasteners and related hardware. We are exposed to the impacts of commodity steel pricing and our related ability to pass through the impacts to our end customers. Through the first nine months of 2020, the price of commodity steel as reflected in many market indexes has been stable. Our estimated net earnings exposure for these changes was not material in the first nine months of 2020.

Commodity energy prices – We have market risk for changes in prices of oil, gasoline, diesel fuel, natural gas, and electricity. Rising costs for these commodities can produce higher fuel costs for our hub and field-based vehicles and utility costs for our in-market locations, distribution centers, and manufacturing facilities. Fossil fuels are also often a key feedstock for chemicals and plastics that comprise a key raw material for many products that we sell. We believe that over time these risks are mitigated in part by our ability to pass freight and product costs to our customers, the efficiency of our trucking distribution network, and the ability, over time, to manage our occupancy costs related to the heating and cooling of our facilities through better efficiency. The effect of commodity energy prices on our net earnings was not material in the first nine months of 2020.

Interest rates - Loans under our Credit Facility bear interest at floating rates tied to LIBOR (or, if LIBOR is no longer available, at a replacement rate to be determined by the administrative agent for the Credit Facility and consented to by us). As a result, changes in LIBOR can affect our operating results and liquidity to the extent we do not have effective interest rate swap arrangements in place. We have not historically used interest rate swap arrangements to hedge the variable interest rates under our Credit Facility. A one percentage point increase in LIBOR in the first nine months of 2020 would have resulted in approximately \$1.3 of additional interest expense. A description of our Credit Facility is contained in Note 7 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 4 — CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures – As of the end of the period covered by this report, we conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the 'Securities Exchange Act')). Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to allow for timely decisions regarding disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting – There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 — LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

A description of our legal proceedings, if any, is contained in Note 8 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The description of legal proceedings, if any, in Note 8 is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 1A — RISK FACTORS

The significant factors known to us that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, or operating results are described in Item 2 of Part I above and in our most recently filed annual report on Form 10-K under *Forward-Looking Statements* and *Item 1A – Risk Factors*, except for the addition of the following risk factor.

Industry and General Economic Risks

The COVID-19 pandemic has significantly impacted worldwide economic conditions and could have a material adverse effect on our operations and business. The COVID-19 pandemic began to impact our operations late in the first quarter of 2020 and may continue to affect our business, particularly should government authorities impose mandatory closures, work-from-home orders and/or social distancing protocols, seek voluntary facility closures and/or impose other restrictions. Should such actions be taken, it could materially adversely affect our ability to adequately staff and maintain our operations, impair our ability to sustain sufficient financial liquidity, and impact our financial results. The COVID-19 pandemic has had some favorable impacts on our financial results through much of 2020. However, as supply chains adapt to the environment, it is not certain that those favorable impacts will recur in the future to offset any resumption of public access restrictions we might impose on our branches or reductions in capacity by our customers, including facility closures. The COVID-19 pandemic has also produced shifts in the mix of our business resulting from a decrease in sales of our fasteners and increases in sales through our safety business. Based on the traditionally lower gross profit margin percentage of our safety business, these shifts have contributed to a lower gross profit margin percentage for us. This impact on our gross profit margin percentage may persist in the short term until the impacts of COVID-19 start to moderate. It is also possible that the impact on our gross profit margin percentage will be long term in the event that COVID-19 alters customer purchasing patterns to include a sustainably higher mix of safety and sanitation products. As we cannot predict the duration or scope of the COVID-19 pandemic, the net financial impact to our operating results cannot be reasonably estimated, but it could be material and last for an extended period of time.

ITEM 2 — UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The table below sets forth information regarding purchases of our common stock during the third quarter of 2020:

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (1)
July 1-31, 2020	0	\$0.00	0	3,200,000
August 1-31, 2020	0	\$0.00	0	3,200,000
September 1-30, 2020	0	\$0.00	0	3,200,000
Total	0	\$0.00	0	3,200,000

- (1) On July 11, 2017, our board of directors established a new authorization for us to repurchase up to 10,000,000 shares of our common stock. This repurchase program has no expiration date. As of September 30, 2020, we had remaining authority to repurchase 3,200,000 shares under this authorization.

ITEM 6 — EXHIBITS**INDEX TO EXHIBITS**

Exhibit Number	Description of Document
3.1	Restated Articles of Incorporation of Fastenal Company, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Fastenal Company's Form 8-K dated as of April 22, 2019 (file no. 000-16125))
3.2	Restated By-Laws of Fastenal Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Fastenal Company's Form 8-K dated as of January 17, 2019 (file no. 000-16125))
31	Certifications under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101	The following financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020, formatted in Inline XBRL: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, (v) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.
104	The cover page from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020, formatted in Inline XBRL.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FASTENAL COMPANY

Date: October 16, 2020

By: /s/ Holden Lewis

Holden Lewis

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: October 16, 2020

By: /s/ Sheryl A. Lisowski

Sheryl A. Lisowski

Controller, Chief Accounting Officer, and
Treasurer (Duly Authorized Officer and Principal
Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Daniel L. Florness, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Fastenal Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 16, 2020

/s/ Daniel L. Florness

Daniel L. Florness

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Holden Lewis, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Fastenal Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 16, 2020

/s/ Holden Lewis

Holden Lewis

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, each of the undersigned certifies that this periodic report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in this periodic report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Fastenal Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Fastenal Company and will be retained by Fastenal Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: October 16, 2020

/s/ Daniel L. Florness

Daniel L. Florness

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Holden Lewis

Holden Lewis

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)