Q12021
 Shareholders

# Inspired on Pinterest 

Some of Peter's Story Pins

Peter Som x Anthropologie

Six Perfect Summer Dresses from Peter Som x Anthropologie

Peter Som's Bake Sale Brownies

Peter Som's Cacio e Pepe Grilled Cheese

Peter Som's Friday Sips featuring Futura Cocktail Club

Peter Som's One-Pot Spicy<br>Sausage Pasta with Burrata

Peter Som's Tanqueray
Cocktail Recipe Trio

## Peter Som's Spring Minty Pea and Pea Shoot Pesto Salad

Fashion designer and culinary storyteller Peter Som has been an avid Pinterest user for the past 10 years and recently made the transition to becoming a Pinterest Creator. "I started using the platform early on for my fashion brand. I would have private boards to work with my team on the inspiration behind each collection. Pinterest has always been a positive platform and a safe place to create." Peter Som's other passion in life is food, and Story Pins have been the perfect vessel to share his culinary endeavors with his growing audience of nearly three million followers. In the past few months, he created over 100 Story Pins of his favorite recipes, cocktails and hosting tips. "The level of positivity that has been coming my way from people responding to my content has been amazing. It's been a great pivot and an amazing evolution of my relationship with this platform." He recently launched a capsule collection with Anthropologie and used Pinterest boards to guide his creation process.

## Q121 Highlights

- Q1 revenue grew 78\% year over year to \$485 million, driven by increased demand from mid-sized and managed small advertisers as well as the rapid growth of our international business.
- Our Monthly Active Users (MAUs) grew 30\% year over year to 478 million in Q1, maintaining strong year over year growth in both U.S. and international geographies.
- Our Q1 GAAP net loss was \$22 million or (4)\% of revenue. Our Q1 Adjusted EBITDA ${ }^{1}$ was $\$ 84$ million or $17 \%$ of revenue.


## Q121 Business Highlights

## Pinner Experience

People continued to use Pinterest to inspire and plan their lives during Q121. We helped Pinners celebrate Valentine's Day and Easter, organize spring cleaning projects and imagine life beyond COVID-19 lockdowns. Engagement remained strong during the period based on global impressions, searches, and saves on a year over year basis. Similarly, MAUs continued to grow in both the US and international markets during Q1, with particular strength coming from users under the age of 25 , a persistent trend that we've seen for many quarters. Gen Z Pinners tend to also be more engaged than older users.

Since Q2 2020, we have noted the strong correlation between lockdowns and engagement on Pinterest. We believe that lockdowns probably pulled forward some user growth during 2020, particularly in the US where our service has been available longer. Starting in mid-March, the easing of pandemic restrictions slowed US MAU growth and lowered engagement year over year as people spent less time online. In Q1, we saw good retention of the MAUs we gained during 2020, but we still don't know if or how long this retention will last. Our understanding of future engagement levels is similarly limited.

## Revenue

\$485 million
78\% Y/Y

MAUs
478 million
30\% Y/Y

ARPU
\$1.04
34\% Y/Y

## Net Loss <br> \$(22) million <br> (4)\% of revenue

Adj. EBITDA ${ }^{1}$
\$84 million
$17 \%$ of revenue

[^0]
## Inspiring content

We are working hard to make Pinterest the best place to discover inspiring and actionable content, and Story Pins are a significant part of that effort. This unique format is made for ideas, not just self-promotion or pure entertainment. Story Pins support up to 20 pages of content, include a variety of creative editing tools and feature templates for ingredients or instructions so creators can bring their ideas to life in many ways. In Q1, we improved the feature set for Story Pins and began distributing them more broadly.

As we grow native content on the platform, we are more focused than ever on keeping Pinterest inspirational and above the fray. Our creators have the unique opportunity to support and inspire people on their inspiration journeys with positive, inclusive and actionable ideas. In early April, we launched the Creator Code, our content policy designed to keep Pinterest a positive and inspiring place. The Code requires Creators to accept guidelines before they can post Story Pins.

## Shopping

We want Pinners to be able to easily discover and buy products on our service, and we've made significant progress against this goal. The number of Pinners engaging with shopping surfaces on Pinterest grew over 200\% in the 12 months ending March 31, 2021, and at the end of Q1, product searches grew more than 20x year over year. Based on what we've observed in the U.S. recently, we believe that post-COVID shopping engagement could be more resilient than overall engagement. It isn't enough for Pinners to be able to find inspiring products and services on our platform. We must also make it easy for them to buy the products that bring their dreams to life. To that end, we plan to begin testing seamless on-platform transactions later this year.

## Pinterest for Business

## Driving sales

It is getting easier for merchants to fulfill the commercial intent that Pinners have always brought to our platform. Since late March, they are able to upload, organize, and promote products from multiple feeds within a single business account. This functionality is particularly useful to international merchants and other advertisers who sell different products to different markets.

Our partnership with Shopify continues to grow and help smaller merchants develop a presence on Pinterest. The integration is now live to Shopify merchants in all our monetizable markets, enabling these merchants to automatically place a Pinterest tag, upload a catalog, receive organic distribution, and launch traffic, conversion, and dynamic retargeting campaigns through Shopify.

In Q1, we began a partnership with Automattic's WooCommerce to further our goal of helping more merchants around the world succeed on Pinterest. The oneclick integration, which we expect to launch by the end of the year, will automate the deployment of our conversion tag and the upload of a merchant's catalog to Pinterest.

## Helping advertisers succeed

In Q1, Pinterest helped advertisers of all sizes and objectives create demand and drive sales. Our platform has become particularly effective for mid-sized and smaller advertisers seeking conversions; during the quarter, revenue from these marketers contributed nearly 50\% of total revenue, and attributed conversions on the platform nearly doubled year over year. This momentum is the result of our deep investment in performance ad products (e.g., conversion optimization ads and shopping ads) as well as in building an increasingly efficient ad tech stack through automation. We have much more to do on these fronts. We've begun testing automatic bidding for the awareness objective, and we've also launched campaign budget optimization for the consideration objective.


RELAX. CREATE. CONVERSE.

EXPLORE THE COLLECTION $\rightarrow$

Our \#1 rule for inviting interiors: You shall always be near a place to relax, create \& converse.
Anthropologie

## Anthropologie

As consumers adapt to a new reality, shopping inspiration has evolved to include new, more virtual forms. Anthropologie, the clothing and home furnishings retailer, worked with Pinterest this spring on an exciting initiative to support their first ever digital-only catalog, AnthroLiving, exclusively on Pinterest. With the majority of Anthropologie customers shopping via mobile, the new digital catalog features popular search trends like Anthropologie mirror (+300\% y/y on Pinterest).

Anthropologie is not only leaning into new digital catalog formats, the company is also seeing success utilizing Pinterest shopping ads. In Q1, Anthroplogie saw improved campaign performance by better optimizing their Dynamic Retargeting campaigns.

## 300\% <br> y/y increase in searches for Anthropologie mirror*

> "No matter how much shopping has changed, inspiration will always play a critical role in helping consumers decide what to buy for their homes, which is why we chose Pinterest for Anthropologie's new digital-only catalog"

Barbra Sainsurin, Executive Director of eCommerce, Anthroplogie

[^1]Retail advertisers are increasingly spending on Pinterest to drive sales. Revenue from retailers with sales objectives ${ }^{2}$ comprised more than $20 \%$ of our total revenue at the end of Q1. The growth of sales-focused revenue depends on our continued ability to deliver value to retail advertisers (in the form of sales) as well as on our continued ability to prove Pinterest's role in the path to purchase.

## International momentum

Our international business grew very rapidly during Q1 and comprised nearly $20 \%$ of total revenue for the first time. We also launched advertising in our first LatAm market, Brazil, and we plan to launch ads in Mexico in May. Finally, the general availability of Business Access, a new tool to help marketers manage user permissions across multiple ad accounts, will be especially helpful in international markets, where large agencies influence the majority of ad spending.

## Q121 Financial Highlights

Q1 revenue grew 78\% year over year to \$485 million driven by increased demand from mid-sized and managed small advertisers as well as rapid growth of our international business. We experienced broad based strength during the quarter across objectives as well as advertiser verticals, sizes and geographies. Our Monthly Active Users (MAUs) grew to 478 million, maintaining strong year-over-year growth in both U.S. and international geographies. Our GAAP net loss was $\$ 22$ million or (4)\% of revenue. We were profitable on a non-GAAP basis. Our Adjusted EBITDA ${ }^{1}$ was $\$ 84$ million or $17 \%$ of revenue.

## Users

MAUs at quarter-end were 478 million, representing growth of $30 \%$ year over year. We continued to see users engaging and finding inspiration on Pinterest as the world began imagining a life beyond COVID-19 lockdowns. Prior trends, including higher growth of international users and higher growth of users under 25 years old, continued in the quarter.

By region:

- U.S. MAUs were 98 million, an increase of $9 \%$ year over year compared to 90 million in the same period of the previous year.
- International MAUs were 380 million, an increase of $37 \%$ year over year in comparison to the 277 million in the same period of the previous year.


[^2]
## Revenue

Total revenue was \$485 million, an increase of $78 \%$ year over year compared to Q120. We saw increased demand from mid-sized and small managed advertisers, who contributed nearly $50 \%$ of total revenue in Q1, as well as an acceleration in conversion-based revenue, with significant share running through automatic bidding. Building off of the positive trends in Q4, we saw strength in Q1 from international advertisers, with international revenue contributing nearly 20\% of our total revenue for the first time. Demand was also strong across both performance and awareness objectives, with particular strength in video ads, which span both objectives, as well as shopping ads, which grew faster than our overall revenue. We continued to grow our active advertisers year-overyear and further diversified our revenue across advertisers.

By region ${ }^{3}$ :

- Total U.S. revenue was $\$ 390$ million, an increase of $65 \%$ year over year. U.S. revenue increases were driven by ARPU expansion.
- Total international revenue was $\$ 95$ million or nearly $20 \%$ of revenue, an increase of 170\% year over year and compared to 13\% of revenue in Q120. International revenue growth was driven by growth in ARPU and supported by an increase in MAUs.


## ARPU

Global ARPU was \$1.04, compared to \$0.77 in Q120. The expansion in global ARPU was driven by an increase in advertising demand on our platform partially offset by an increase in MAUs. Geographic mix was a headwind to global ARPU growth, as the number of international users grew faster than the number of U.S. users.

By region:

- U.S. ARPU was \$3.99 an increase of 50\% year over year.
- International ARPU was \$0.26, an increase of 91\% year over year. International ARPU remains in the early stages, as we have only begun to execute on our strategy to provide ads that are useful and inspiring to our users in regions outside of the U.S.



## Average revenue per user

$\square$ Global
$\square$ International
$\$ 3.99$


[^3]
## Expenses

Total costs and expenses were $\$ 508$ million, including $\$ 80$ million of share-based compensation (SBC) and amortization of acquired intangible assets as well as $\$ 20$ million of non-cash charitable contributions, which relates to a portion of the shares of our Class A common stock reserved for charitable purposes at the time of our IPO. Our total costs and expenses increased $22 \%$ year over year. Total non-GAAP costs and expenses ${ }^{4}$ were $\$ 408$ million, representing 84\% of revenue compared to $124 \%$ of revenue in the year-ago quarter. Our non-GAAP costs and expenses grew $21 \%$ year over year. The growth reflects higher hosting costs due to user growth and an increase in headcount. Our loss from operations totaled $\$(23)$ million, or (5)\% of revenue, compared to a loss of \$(146) million and (54)\% for the same period in 2020. Non-GAAP income from operations ${ }^{4}$ was $\$ 77$ million, or $16 \%$ of revenue, compared to loss of $\$(65)$ million, or (24)\% for the same period in 2020.

## Costs and expenses

Cost of revenue was $\$ 133$ million or $28 \%$ of revenue, compared to $36 \%$ in the year-ago quarter. Non-GAAP cost of revenue ${ }^{4}$ was $\$ 132$ million or $27 \%$ of revenue, down from $36 \%$ of revenue in the year-ago quarter. The decline as a percent of revenue was primarily driven by higher overall revenue, partially offset by an increase in infrastructure expense due to user growth.

Research and development expenses were \$172 million, up 18\% year over year. On a non-GAAP basis, expenses grew 19\% year over year to \$115 million. The increase was due to higher headcount growth.

Sales and marketing expenses were $\$ 130$ million, up 11\% year over year. On a non-GAAP basis, expenses grew 15\% year over year to $\$ 118$ million. The increase was due to higher headcount growth.

General and administrative expenses were $\$ 73$ million, up 30\% year over year. The increase was due to higher charitable giving. On a non-GAAP basis, expenses grew 8\% year over year to $\$ 42$ million.

[^4]GAAP cost and expenses
(\% of revenue)


| $154 \%$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $21 \%$ |  |
| $43 \%$ | $105 \%$ |
|  | $15 \%$ |
| $54 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| $36 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| Q120 | $28 \%$ |

Non-GAAP cost and expenses ${ }^{4}$
(\% of revenue)

| G\&A <br> S\&M | R\&D |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 124\% |  |
| 14\% |  |
| 38\% | 84\% |
|  | 9\% |
| 36\% | 24\% |
|  | 24\% |
| 36\% | 27\% |
| Q120 | Q121 |

## Net income (loss) and Adjusted EBITDA

Net loss was \$(22) million or (4)\% of revenue, compared to a loss of \$(141) million, or (52)\% for the same period in 2020. Non-GAAP net income (loss) ${ }^{4}$ was $\$ 79$ million, or $16 \%$ of revenue, compared to $\$(60)$ million, or (22)\% for the same period in 2020.

Adjusted EBITDA ${ }^{1}$ was $\$ 84$ million, or $17 \%$ of revenue, compared to the year-ago quarter Adjusted EBITDA of \$(53) million, or (20)\% of revenue. Our Adjusted EBITDA margin' increased year over year due to an acceleration in revenue growth and to a lesser extent from COVID-related cost savings.

## Balance sheet and cash flows

- We ended the quarter with approximately $\$ 2.03$ billion in cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities.
- Net cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was $\$ 271$ million, an improvement from $\$ 57$ million in the same period last year.


## Adjusted EBITDA ${ }^{1}$

(in millions)
Adj. EBITDA
— Adj. EBITDA margin \%


## Guidance

We continue to navigate uncertainty given the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and other factors. Our current expectation is that Q2 revenue will grow around $105 \%$ year over year. In Q2, we expect global MAUs to grow in the mid-teens and US MAUs to be around flat on a year-over-year percentage basis. Finally, we expect sequential operating expense growth to accelerate in Q2 as we continue to ramp investments in our long-term initiatives and growth drivers.

We intend to provide further detail on our outlook during the conference call.
Our strategic priorities for 2021 remain anchored in content, the Pinner experience, advertiser success and shopping. We plan to continue investing in these this year. We expect R\&D efforts to continue to focus on Pinner product, ad product and measurement investments. We intend to grow our headcount further, in particular to support our international expansion efforts. We also intend to scale our comprehension and brand marketing efforts in 2021. We think these investments will support long-term growth and continue to build the foundations for a scaled business over time.

## Closing

We will host a Q\&A webcast at 3:00pm Pacific time/6:00pm Eastern time today to discuss these results and our outlook. A live webcast will be available on Pinterest's Investor Relations website at investor.pinterestinc.com. Thank you for taking the time to read our letter, and we look forward to your questions on our call this afternoon.

Sincerely,

## Ben Silbermann

Co-Founder, President and CEO

## Todd Morgenfeld

CFO and Head of Business Operations

## Forward-looking statements

This letter to shareholders may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, about us and our industry that involve substantial risks and uncertainties, including, among other things, statements about our future operational and financial performance and the number of shares eligible for sale following expiration of the lock-up. Words such as "believe," "project," "may," "will," "estimate," "continue," "anticipate," "intend," "expect," "plan" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are only predictions and may differ materially from actual results due to a variety of factors including: uncertainty regarding the duration and scope of the coronavirus referred to as COVID-19 pandemic; actions governments and businesses take in response to the pandemic, including actions that could affect levels of advertising activity; the impact of the pandemic and actions taken in response to the pandemic on global and regional economies and economic activity; the pace of recovery as the COVID-19 pandemic subsides; general economic uncertainty in key global markets and a worsening of global economic conditions or low levels of economic growth; the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our planned investments, operations, expenses, revenue, cash flow, liquidity and users; our ability to attract and retain users and engagement levels; our ability to provide useful and relevant content; risks associated with new products and changes to existing products as well as other new business initiatives; our ability to maintain and enhance our brand and reputation; compromises in security; our financial performance and fluctuations in operating results; our dependency on online application stores' and internet search engines' methodologies and policies; discontinuation, disruptions or outages in authentication by third-party login providers; changes by third-party login providers that restrict our access or ability to identify users; competition; our ability to scale our business and revenue model; our reliance on advertising revenue and our ability to attract and retain advertisers and effectively measure advertising campaigns; our ability to effectively manage growth and expand and monetize our platform internationally; our lack of operating history and ability to attain and sustain profitability; decisions that reduce short-term revenue or profitability or do not produce expected long-term benefits; risks associated with government actions, laws and regulations that could restrict access to our products or impair our business; litigation and government inquiries; privacy, data and other regulatory concerns; real or perceived inaccuracies in metrics related to our business; disruption, degradation or interference with our hosting services and infrastructure; our ability to attract and retain personnel; and the dual class structure of our common stock and its effect of concentrating voting control with stockholders who held our capital stock prior to the completion of our initial public offering. These and other potential risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from the results predicted are more fully detailed in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2021, which is available on our investor relations website at investor.pinterestinc.com and on the SEC website at www.sec.gov. All information provided in this letter to shareholders and in the earnings materials is as of April 27, 2021. Undue reliance should not be placed on the forward-looking statements in this letter to shareholders, which are based on information available to us on the date hereof. We undertake no duty to update this information unless required by law.

## About non-GAAP financial measures

To supplement our condensed consolidated financial statements, which are prepared and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"), we use the following non-GAAP financial measures: Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, non-GAAP costs and expenses (including non-GAAP cost of revenue, research and development, sales and marketing, and general and administrative), non-GAAP income (loss) from operations, non-GAAP net income (loss) and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share. The presentation of these financial measures is not intended to be considered in isolation, as a substitute for or superior to the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. Investors are cautioned that there are material limitations associated with the use of nonGAAP financial measures as an analytical tool. In addition, these measures may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies, limiting their usefulness for comparative purposes. We compensate for these limitations by providing specific information regarding GAAP amounts excluded from these non-GAAP financial measures.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net loss adjusted to exclude depreciation and amortization expense, share-based compensation expense, interest income, interest expense and other income (expense), net, provision for (benefit from) income taxes and non-cash charitable contributions. Adjusted EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by revenue. Non-GAAP costs and expenses (including non-GAAP cost of revenue, research and development, sales and marketing, and general and administrative) and non-GAAP net income (loss) exclude amortization of acquired intangible assets, share-based compensation expense and non-cash charitable contributions. Non-GAAP income (loss) from operations is calculated by subtracting non-GAAP costs and expenses from revenue. Non-GAAP net income (loss) per share is calculated by dividing non-GAAP net income (loss) by diluted weighted-average shares outstanding. We use Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, non-GAAP costs and expenses, non-GAAP income (loss) from operations, non-GAAP net income (loss) and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share to evaluate our operating results and for financial and operational decision-making purposes. We believe Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, non-GAAP costs and expenses, non-GAAP income (loss) from operations, non-GAAP net income (loss) and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share help identify underlying trends in our business that could otherwise be masked by the effect of the income and expenses they exclude. We also believe Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, non-GAAP costs and expenses, non-GAAP income (loss) from operations, non-GAAP net income (loss) and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share provide useful information about our operating results, enhance the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects and allow for greater transparency with respect to key metrics we use for financial and operational decision-making. We present Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, non-GAAP costs and expenses, non-GAAP income (loss) from operations, non-GAAP net income (loss) and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share to assist potential investors in seeing our operating results through the eyes of management and because we believe these measures provide an additional tool for investors to use in comparing our operating results over multiple periods with other companies in our industry. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, non-GAAP costs and expenses, non-GAAP income (loss) from operations, non-

GAAP net income (loss) and non-GAAP net income (loss) per share rather than net loss, net margin, total costs and expenses, income (loss) from operations, net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share, respectively, the nearest GAAP equivalents. For example, Adjusted EBITDA excludes certain recurring, non-cash charges such as depreciation of fixed assets and amortization of acquired intangible assets, although these assets may have to be replaced in the future, and share-based compensation expense, which has been, and will continue to be for the foreseeable future, a significant recurring expense and an important part of our compensation strategy.

For a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, please see the tables under "Reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP financial results" included at the end of this letter.

## Limitation of key metrics and other data

The numbers for our key metrics, which include our MAUs and ARPU, are calculated using internal company data based on the activity of user accounts. We define a monthly active user as a logged-in Pinterest user who visits our website or opens our mobile application at least once during the 30-day period ending on the date of measurement. We present MAUs based on the number of MAUs measured on the last day of the current period. We measure monetization of our platform through our average revenue per user metric. We define ARPU as our total revenue in a given geography during a period divided by the average of the number of MAUs in that geography during the period. We calculate average MAUs based on the average of the number of MAUs measured on the last day of the current period and the last day prior to the beginning of the current period. We calculate ARPU by geography based on our estimate of the geography in which revenue-generating activities occur. We use these metrics to assess the growth and health of the overall business and believe that MAUs and ARPU best reflect our ability to attract, retain, engage and monetize our users, and thereby drive revenue. While these numbers are based on what we believe to be reasonable estimates of our user base for the applicable period of measurement, there are inherent challenges in measuring usage of our products across large online and mobile populations around the world. In addition, we are continually seeking to improve our estimates of our user base, and such estimates may change due to improvements or changes in our methodology.

## Pinterest, Inc. <br> Condensed consolidated balance sheets

## (in thousands, except par value) (unaudited)

| Assets | $\begin{array}{r} \text { March 31, } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ |  | December 31 2020 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 913,740 | \$ | 669,230 |
| Marketable securities |  | 1,119,962 |  | 1,091,076 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$6,842 and \$8,811 as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively |  | 389,206 |  | 563,733 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets |  | 34,267 |  | 33,502 |
| Total current assets |  | 2,457,175 |  | 2,357,541 |
| Property and equipment, net |  | 63,337 |  | 69,375 |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets |  | 146,150 |  | 155,916 |
| Goodwill and intangible assets, net |  | 13,310 |  | 13,562 |
| Other assets |  | 12,320 |  | 13,065 |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,692,292 | \$ | 2,609,459 |

## Liabilities and stockholders' equity

Current liabilities:


## Pinterest, Inc.

 Condensed consolidated statements of operations
## (in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

|  |  | Three months ended March 31, 20212020 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue | \$ | 485,230 | \$ | 271,940 |
| Costs and expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of revenue |  | 133,470 |  | 99,232 |
| Research and development |  | 171,728 |  | 145,704 |
| Sales and marketing |  | 130,322 |  | 117,027 |
| General and administrative |  | 72,618 |  | 56,067 |
| Total costs and expenses |  | 508,138 |  | 418,030 |
| Loss from operations |  | $(22,908)$ |  | $(146,090)$ |
| Interest income |  | 1,492 |  | 7,151 |
| Interest expense and other income (expense), net |  | $(1,563)$ |  | $(2,077)$ |
| Loss before provision for (benefit from) income taxes |  | $(22,979)$ |  | $(141,016)$ |
| Provision for (benefit from) income taxes |  | $(1,305)$ |  | 180 |
| Net loss | \$ | $(21,674)$ | \$ | $(141,196)$ |
| Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, basic and diluted | \$ | (0.03) | \$ | (0.25) |
| Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share attributable to common stockholders, basic and diluted |  | 628,593 |  | 576,302 |

## Pinterest, Inc.

## Condensed consolidated statements of cash flows

## (in thousands) (unaudited)

| Operating activities |  | Three months ended March 31, 2021 <br> 2020 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net loss | \$ | $(21,674)$ | \$ | $(141,196)$ |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 6,783 |  | 11,746 |
| Share-based compensation |  | 79,459 |  | 81,024 |
| Non-cash charitable contributions |  | 20,490 |  | 1,544 |
| Other |  | 2,029 |  | 1,175 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable |  | 176,564 |  | 100,991 |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets |  | (91) |  | 6,624 |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets |  | 10,288 |  | 10,879 |
| Accounts payable |  | (717) |  | 2,613 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities |  | 8,298 |  | $(4,905)$ |
| Operating lease liabilities |  | $(10,850)$ |  | $(13,205)$ |
| Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 270,579 |  | 57,290 |
| Investing activities |  |  |  |  |
| Purchases of property and equipment and intangible assets |  | $(1,251)$ |  | $(7,005)$ |
| Purchases of marketable securities |  | $(263,170)$ |  | $(257,593)$ |
| Sales of marketable securities |  | 79,831 |  | 72,043 |
| Maturities of marketable securities |  | 149,532 |  | 250,074 |
| Other investing activities |  | - |  | 316 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities |  | $(35,058)$ |  | 57,835 |
| Financing activities |  |  |  |  |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options, net |  | 9,344 |  | 20,347 |
| Shares repurchased for tax withholdings on release of restricted stock units |  | - |  | $(44,090)$ |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities |  | 9,344 |  | $(23,743)$ |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash |  | (355) |  | (214) |
| Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash |  | 244,510 |  | 91,168 |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period |  | 678,911 |  | 677,743 |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period | \$ | 923,421 | \$ | 768,911 |
| Supplemental cash flow information |  |  |  |  |
| Accrued property and equipment | \$ | 125 | \$ | 7,831 |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities | \$ | 630 | \$ | 1,242 |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash to condensed consolidated balance sheets |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 913,740 | \$ | 740,833 |
| Restricted cash included in prepaid expenses and other current assets |  | 571 |  | 4,287 |
| Restricted cash included in other assets |  | 9,110 |  | 23,791 |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash | \$ | 923,421 | \$ | 768,911 |

## Pinterest, Inc.

Reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP financial results
(in thousands, except per share amounts) (unaudited)


[^5]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ This non-GAAP financial measure excludes share-based compensation (SBC), depreciation and amortization expense, interest income, interest expense and other income (expense), net, provision for (benefit from) income taxes and non-cash charitable contributions. Non-cash charitable contributions of $\$ 1.5$ million were not excluded for non-GAAP purposes in Q120 as these were not material. For more information on this, please see "About non-GAAP financial measures."

[^1]:    *Trend is calculated by comparing normalized searches in the month of March ' 20 to the month of March '21; US.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ This currently includes catalog ad revenue from retailers as well as revenue from ads that are optimized for add-to-cart and checkout objectives from retailers, but it may include different types of ad revenue in the future depending on how shopping engagement and ad formats evolve on our platform.

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ Revenue is geographically apportioned based on our estimate of the geographic location of our users when they perform a revenue-generating activity. US and international may not sum to Global due to rounding. This allocation differs from our disclosure of revenue disaggregated by geography in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements where revenue is geographically apportioned based on our customers' billing addresses

[^4]:    ${ }^{4}$ This non-GAAP financial measure excludes SBC, amortization of acquired intangible assets and non-cash charitable contributions. For more information on this, please see "About nonGAAP financial measures."

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Non-cash charitable contributions of $\$ 1.5$ million were not excluded for non-GAAP purposes for the three months ended March 31, 2020 as these were not material.
    ${ }^{2}$ Gives effect to potential common stock instruments such as stock options, unvested restricted stock units

